

BA SANGAM COLLEGE

YEAR 12

ENGLISH

WORKSHEET 1

Dear Students,

The following Language Activities are to be attempted in your Language Book. We might have attempted some questions in class. You are to revisit these questions as part of your revision

GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

Word Formation

Write down the correct forms of the words in brackets for the blank spaces.

1. The young lady was _____ (compel) beautiful.
2. Melaia was asked to give an _____ (explain) for her late arrival.
3. Nanise claimed that Ben's _____ (mystery) disappearance was a hoax.
4. In the play Hamlet, Prince Hamlet is seen as a very _____ (ideal) person.

Parts of Speech

Identify the part of speech highlighted in the sentences below.

1. The **torrential** rain resulted in heavy flooding.
2. '**Oh**, we're going to be late to the movies, Pita,' said Max.
3. Margaret **mistakenly** sold her mother's collection of vintage plastic jewellery.
4. My father, **who** has decided to buy a new boat on his retirement, enjoys fishing.

Proof Reading

Identify the error in the following sentences and write the correction.

1. One of my friends always spill tea on my books.
2. Seru will be taking his first trip to Sydney Australia, tomorrow.
3. Many school prefects do found themselves in a dilemma when they see their friends breaking the school rules.

Sentence Completion

Complete the following sentences using 5 to 8 words.

1. Despite Angel coming home late yesterday, she
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2.

_____ tackled to the ground.

Word Forms

Write the correct form of the word in brackets to complete each of the sentences given below.

1. The dog barked _____ (ferocious) at the stranger.
2. "I need to _____ (replica) this painting," said the artist.
3. The librarian said that Jone's annual _____ (subscribe) had to be renewed.
4. Mr. Chand said that our paragraphs must _____ (coalescent) into one good essay.

Proof Reading

Each of the following sentences has an error. Identify the error and write the error and the correction. Do not write out the whole sentence.

1. The pencils on the table needs sharpening.
2. David said that Tomasi's analyses was ludicrous.
3. Vika boasted that her dress was prettier then mine.
4. "My mother was angry when she found out that I wore a make-up to school," said Tima.

Opposites

Use prefixes or suffixes to form the opposites of the words underlined in the sentences below.

1. "I will prove your theory, Steve. I believe it is wrong," said Mark.
2. Tom said that the slap Sarah gave him was pain. He didn't feel a thing.
3. "Maureen, you are rest because you did not sleep well last night," said Mrs. Chung.
4. "Who is that lady?" asked Mrs. Damu. "Her face is familiar. I have never seen her before."

Confusing Pairs

Choose the correct word from the pair given in the brackets to complete the sentences given below.

1. The athlete (rose/raised) his flag in victory.
2. Shalini will not (except/accept) my apology.
3. Michelle (set/sat) down her books and rested.
4. (Beside/Besides) the laptop the police also found the stolen jewels.

Rewriting the Tense

Rewrite the sentences below following the instructions given in the brackets. Do not change the meaning of the sentences – only change the tense.

1. Tukai wanted the ice-ream. (Present simple)
2. It rained heavily last night. (Past continuous)

3. Mesake drove his car into the river. (Present perfect)
4. The 100m track record was broken by Krishnil. (Simple future)

Opposites

Use prefixes to form opposites of words given below.

- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| 1. exposure | 5. fallible |
| 2. texture | 6. expression |
| 3. mobile | 7. pleasure |
| 4. practice | 8. conduct |

Pairs

Choose the correct word from the pair given in the brackets to complete the sentences given below.

1. A cold bath is _____ welcomed after a hot day. (definite, definitely)
2. Many members of the congregation felt _____ when the priest mentioned the neglected old couple. (guilty, guiltily)
3. He explained the theorem to the child _____. (careful, carefully)
4. I added the various costs _____ when she nagged at me. (wrong, wrongly)

Word Forms

Write the correct form of the word in brackets to complete each of the sentences given below.

1. I visited Seville on a friend's _____ and I really enjoyed it. (recommend)
2. Anna never does anything important on Friday thirteenth as she is _____. (supersition)
3. "Don't go to that restaurant. The food is _____," said Mere. (revolt)
4. When she realised what a fool she had made of herself, she felt terribly _____. (embarrass)

Parts of Speech

Follow the instructions given in brackets for each question.

1. The surface of the floor was super smooth that the children happily sat on it. (Identify the adjective.)
2. The student involved in the horrific car accident at Narere nearly died _____ loss of blood. (Use a preposition to complete the sentence.)
3. The relatives of the boy searched for him in every possible place. (Write the adverbial phrase.)
4. Ana swam for almost three hours after their boat capsized. (Write the present tense of the underlined word.)

Agreement

Choose the correct word from the pair given in the brackets to complete the sentences below.

1. Each student _____ a certificate after participating in the Leadership Training Workshop. (gets / get)
2. Either Ana or the brother _____ to attend the chief's wedding ceremony. (has / have)
3. A lot of vegetables along the Sigatoka Valley _____ destroyed by the recent flooding. (was / were)
4. Thomas, like his sister Pritika, _____ eating chocolates. (enjoy / enjoys)

Word Forms

Write the correct form of the word given in the brackets to complete each of the sentences given below.

1. The teachers were reminded to devise relevant _____ during remedial sessions with their students. (strategy)
2. The child's ability to survive the terrible ordeal was _____. (miracle)
3. Marama _____ left the wedding after receiving the phone call. (hurry)
4. Marika and his sister had an _____ over the missing photo from the family album. (argue)

Opposites

Use prefixes to form opposites of words given in the brackets so that they make sense in the sentences given below.

1. Taufu showed that she was _____ (mature) when she shouted at Mousheen out of anger.
2. The fight between the two brothers eventuated due to a _____. (understanding)
3. The ending of the story was an _____ (climax) when the hero died.
4. Reuben was on detention the whole week for being _____. (obedient)

Rewriting

Rewrite each of the following sentences, following the instructions given in brackets and ensure that the meanings do not change.

1. A reward will be given to the finder of the laptop by the owner. (Change to active voice)
2. "All students are to bring a passport-sized photo each tomorrow," announced the Form Teacher. (Change to indirect speech)
3. Nisha bought a new gold watch yesterday. It costs \$300 at Tappoo. (Combine into one sentence, using which)
4. The students were told to keep quiet as the Principal addressed the school, but they continued talking. (Begin: In spite of...)

Proof Reading

Each of the following sentences has an error. Identify and write the error and correction.

1. A long list of books that is missing from the library is on the notice board.
2. Young people must embrase their national identity as Fijians.
3. The villagers were not only delighted with their new water tank they also were thankful for their newly formed friendship with the donors.
4. Even though Pita won the race but he was not there to receive the trophy.

Word Forms

Write the correct forms of the word in brackets to complete each of the sentences given below.

1. A good society exhibits universal _____ and freedom for all. (tolerate)
2. The young women, gracefully performing their traditional dances, were _____ to watch. (marvel)
3. Enormous public support for children living with cancer help to bring _____ parents some relief. (beleaguer)
4. Floods are now a common _____ in the western parts of Fiji. (occur)

Sentence Completion

Complete each of the following sentences correctly using five to eight words.

1. In spite of his leg injury, _____
2. Profits from the food sales _____
3. Neither Jill _____
4. Had she attended all her classes, _____

Rewriting

Rewrite each of the following sentences according to the instructions given in brackets and ensure that the meanings do not change.

1. Travelling by boat is just as dangerous as travelling by plane. (Begin: It is...)
2. Despite having a sprained ankle, Kim was soon playing netball again. (Begin: Although...)
3. It was not a very good movie; Lum thought it would have been better. (Use: not as good as)
4. The teacher told Daniel that unless he finished his tasks, she would not allow him to join the school team. (Rewrite in Direct Speech beginning with: If)

Confused Pairs

Choose the correct word from the pair given in the brackets to complete each of the sentences given below.

1. A comprehensive policy is needed to _____ youth participation in decision making. (ensure/insure)
2. Due to unfair management decisions, the _____ staged a strike. (employees/employers)
3. To be an _____ leader, one has to put the needs of others before oneself. (explanatory/exemplary)
4. The ever _____ policeman was praised by the Commissioner for his hard work. (vigilance/vigilant)

Proof Reading

Each of the following sentences has an error. Identify and write the error and correction.

1. One of the school's initiative is to upgrade its library.
2. Tourism has being an asset to Fiji's economy.
3. The criterions for enrolment are quite difficult to comprehend.

4. The practitioner was told by the Court to pay compensation to his patient.

STAY SAFE

