

# SUVA SANGAM COLLEGE

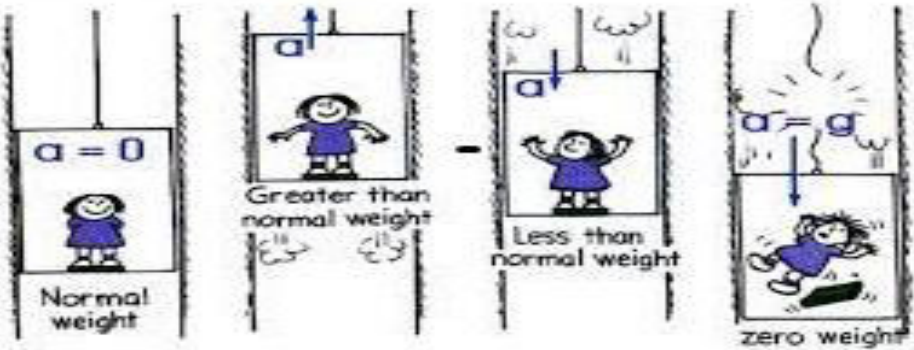
YEAR 13

PHYSICS

## WORKSHEET 2

Strand 1	Mechanics
Sub-Strand	Kinematics of Linear Motion
Content Learning Outcome	Apply the concept of motion to various situations where system is accelerating up or down.
Reference from Text	Pg 9 to 12

### Questions

No.	<p><b>CONCEPT IN BRIEF :Motion in Lifts</b></p> 
1.	<p>Fill in the blanks.</p> <p>a) When an object is at rest the apparent weight for that object is same as its _____ but when it is in freefall its apparent weight is _____.</p> <p>b) The normal force is called the object's _____.</p>
	<p><b>CONCEPT IN BRIEF:</b> No acceleration of lift, Lift accelerating upwards and Lift accelerating downwards.</p>
2.	<p><b>Complete the following:</b></p> <p>a) <b>Lift is at rest.</b></p> <p><math>v = \text{_____}</math> , <math>a = \text{_____}</math> , <math>R - mg = \text{_____}</math> , <math>R = \text{_____}</math> ,</p> <p>Apparent weight _____ Actual weight.</p> <p>b) <b>Lift moving downward/ upward with constant velocity</b></p> <p><math>v = \text{_____}</math> , <math>a = \text{_____}</math> , <math>R - mg = \text{_____}</math> , <math>R = \text{_____}</math> ,</p> <p>Apparent weight _____ Actual weight.</p>

	<p><b>c) Lift accelerating upwards at a rate of 'a'.</b>  The reaction force (apparent weight) is _____ so the reading on the scale is _____ than the true weight.  <math>ma = \text{_____} - \text{_____}</math></p>
	<p><b>d) Lift accelerating downwards at a rate of 'a'.</b>  The reaction force (apparent weight) is _____ so the reading on the scale is _____ than the true weight.  <math>ma = \text{_____} - \text{_____}</math></p>
	<p><b>CONCEPT IN BRIEF:</b> Motion in Lifts  Case 1 : When the lift is stationary or moving up/down with a constant velocity <math>R = W</math>  Case 2 : Lift accelerating up <math>R = W + ma</math>  Case 3 : Lift accelerating down <math>R = W - ma</math>  <b><math>g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2</math>.</b></p>
3.	<p>a) An elevator is moving vertically upward at a constant speed. A man of mass 150 kg is standing inside. Determine the reaction force of the floor on the man.</p> <p>b) A boy stands on a scale in a lift. When the lift is stationary the reading on the scale is 85 kg. Calculate the reading on the scale when the lift accelerates upwards at <math>4 \text{ m/s}^2</math>.</p> <p>c) Fiona who has a mass of 60 kg uses elevator while going down a building. The elevator descends at <math>2 \text{ m/s}^2</math></p> <div data-bbox="722 1077 1015 1272" data-label="Image"> </div> <p>(i) Would Fiona feel lighter or heavier while the elevator is accelerating downwards?</p> <p>(ii) Calculate Fiona's apparent weight if her true weight is 588 N.</p>