PENANG SANGAM HIGH SCHOOL SOCIAL SCIENCE YEAR 10 SUPPLYMENTARY RESOURCES 2021

WEEK: 2

GOVERNMENT AND DEMOCRACY

A. <u>Multiple Choice</u>

- 1. In a democratic government, the leader of the government who also has the responsibility of running the country is the
 - A. Leader of the opposition
 - B. Secretary general
 - C. Prime minister
 - D. Speaker
- 2. The role of the opposition members of parliament are to
 - A. agree to all the government policies.
 - B. breakup government of the day.
 - C. disagree with all the government policies.
 - D. keep a check and balance on government performance.
- 3. The parliamentary power to make laws in a democratic government is called the
 - A. Judicial power
 - B. Executive power
 - C. Legislative power
 - D. Magistrate power
- 4. What is the Prime Ministers role as a chief minister?
 - A. Tell the ministers what to do.
 - B. Responsible for appointing ministers.
 - C. Representing on behalf of the ministers abroad.
 - D. Spokesperson of the government.
- 5. Who is responsible for the monitoring of whole election process?
 - A. Presiding officer
 - B. Observers
 - C. Supervisor of elections
 - D. Police officers

A. Short Answers

B. Use two or three sentences to answer the questions that follow in your <u>answer book</u>.

- 1. Differentiate between a Unicameral and Bicameral Legislature.
- 2. State **two** main functions of a country's constitution.

- 3. Identify **two** roles of the media during the election.
- 4. Discuss **two** principles underlying the rules of the parliamentary law.
- 5. Identify **any** two rights given to a citizen in the Fiji's constitution.

C. Roles

Identify the roles of the following officers in the Fiji's Parliament:

Speaker ______
Hansard reports ______
Secretary general ______
Ministers ______
Opposition members _______

D. Paragraph Writing

E. Write a paragraph, discussing **three** works of the Fiji Military Forces and **two** works of the Fiji Police Force in maintaining law and order in the country.