UCIWAI SANGAM SCHOOL

YEAR 8

ENGLISH WORKSHEET NO. 1

Cards of the future

Fiji has joined 71 other countries in cashless travel. Some of these countries have been using this system for over two decades now to purchase their groceries, to pay for their travel in trains, taxis, ferries and in buses.

Fiji is not the first country to go cashless in public transport travel and most certainly will not be the last to make this change. This has been a second attempt to introduce cashless travel in Fiji as in the earlier attempt stakeholders were not cooperating. Now is a second chance to make it work.

The aim of using the e-Transport card is much more than preventing the stealing of a bus operator's money. For example, on Day 1 of its use, a bus Company which services routes within the Suva-Nausori areas, carried close to 10,000 passengers. They and all other bus operators know how many senior citizens have travelled to and from which areas. They know how many students travelled in each of these routes and how many social welfare recipients travelled on any given day.

[Passage and questions adapted from the Fiji Year Eight Examination 2018]

Ouestions

Put a circle around the letter of the answer of your choice.

- 1. In the first sentence of the passage, Fiji is the
 - A. country using cash for travel.
- C. last country to use cards for travel.
- B. 72nd country to use cashless cards.

- D. 71st country to use travelling cards.
- 2. The first attempt at using cashless travel did not work out because
 - A. there were too many people.
 - B. various groups were not cooperating.
 - C. it was very difficult to gather the cash.
 - D. the cards for distribution had run out.
- 3. Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?
 - A. Cash cards prevent stealing as the only advantage.
 - B. Only one bus Company earns from cash cards in Fiji.
 - C. Buses in Fiji use both cash and cards whenever possible.
 - D. Cash card use allows more than one benefit when passengers use it.
- 4. Apart from knowing the number of passengers, we can also become aware of
 - A. the places the passengers live.
 - B. which route has been travelled.
 - C. the next trip and time of passenger's travel.
 - D. sick drivers who need rest from driving whole day.
- 5. The travelling passengers mentioned towards the end of the passage are
 - A. students.

C. social welfare recipients.

B. senior citizens.

- D. All of the above.

Part II: Grammar

	up slowly and pounced on the figure which was getting		
ready to run. A. creep	B. crept	C. creeping	D. creeps
2. The shops near our home sell expensive goods need to reduce			
their prices. A. It	B. They	C. Them	D. Their
3. Which word is not spelt A. tomorrow	-	C. library	D. chief
4. Our environment is A. under	B. on	hreat from all kinds of pollution. C. with	D. in
5. Choose the correct suffix for the word " match " in order to give the word its plural form.			
	B. $-s$	C. – es	D in
 6. Which one of the follow A. Familiar 		ts opposite by using the prefix "i C. Reader	
7. The sun was / jammed with cars and buses /and the road was / high in the sky. The correct order of these words is			
A. 1,2,3,4	B. 1,4,3,2	C. 1,4,2,3	D. 1,2,4,3
 8. "Can you help me cross the road, Peter?" asked the old lady. In reported speech, this would read : The old lady asked Peter A. will you help me cross the road? B. can you help her cross the road? C. if he could help her cross the road. D. whether he can help her cross the road. 			
9. Which of the following is not spelt correctly?			
A. Occasion	B. Profession	C. Descendant	D. Independent
10. The children were delighted when teacher told that they could play outdoor games.			
A. therehimB. thatthey		C. they"rethei D. theirthem	r
11. Jane is married A. to	a famous soccer p B. at	layer. C. into	D. with
12. The woman spo A. Who	bke to the children B. who's	, is my aunt. C. whom	D. whose