Week:1

STRAND AS 9.2 SUB- STRAND AS 9.2.2 (refer to your Textbook pg 53-54)

Lesson 1: Introduction Lesson Outcome

i) Explain why farming is considered a business

SUMMARY NOTE

Farming is a business of growing crops and raising livestock in a farm. It involved buying, processing and selling commodities.

LESSON ACTIVITY

1.	Define the following terms:
	a) By-product
	b) Business
	c) Input
	d) Output
	e) Product
	f) Farming
2.	Differentiate inputs and outputs in a farm.
3.	Discuss why farming is regarded as a business.

Week:2

STRAND AS 9.2

SUB- STRAND AS 9.2.2 (refer to your Textbook pg 54-55)

Lesson 2: FARM RESOURCES

Lesson Outcome

i) Determine resources for a given enterprise.

SUMMARY NOTE

The resources needed for farming are categorized in **natural**, **human** and **capital** resources. Capital resources are again divided in to two categories as.

i)Physical capital	ii <u>)Financial capital</u>		
example	example		
Tools	money		
Machines			

LESSON ACTIVITY

Building Fence

1. a)	Define the following terms: Aptitude:
b)	Attitude
c)	Entterpreneurship
2.	Explain the importance of human resource on a farm.
3.	Discuss why farmers must use resources in a sustainable manner.

Week:3

STRAND AS 9.2 SUB- STRAND AS 9.2.2 (refer to your Textbook pp 55-56)

Lesson 3: AGRICULTURAL ENTERPRISES

LESSON OUTCOME

i) Identify major groups of agricultural enterprises in Fiji.

SUMMARY NOTE

Agricultural enterprises can be divided in to livestock and horticulture sections. There are also many businesses which are needed to support the agricultural related enterprises. The majorities of these enterprises are run for profit, so are operated as businesses.

LESSON ACTIVITY

1.		Define the following terms:
	a)	Agronomist:
		Aquaculture:
		Botanist:
		Eco-tourism;
		Enterprise:
	f)	Entomologist:
	g)	Florist:
		Horticulture:
	i)	Landscaper:
	j)	Livestock:
	k)	Ornamental
	1)	Vendors:
2.		State two examples of the following enterprises.
<u>Ho</u>	<u>rti</u>	<u>Culture</u> <u>Livestock</u>
i		
ii		

Week:4

STRAND AS 9.2 SUB -STRAND AS 9.2.2 (refer to your Textbook pp 56-58)

Lesson 4: FARMING SYSTEMS IN FIJI

LESSON OUTCOME

i) Describe the three farming systems in Fiji.

SUMMARY NOTE

There are three farming systems in Fiji; subsistence, semi-commercial and commercial farming. Each system has an important role to play in the agriculture sector.

LESSON ACTIVITY

1. Complete the table below by filling in the characteristics of each system of farming in Fiji.

SYSTEM	SUBSISTENCE	SEMI-COMMERCIAL	COMMERCIAL
Size of farm			
Tools used			
Yield			
Environment			
Tenure system			
Examples			

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Week:5

STRAND AS 9.2 SUB- STRAND AS 9.2.2 (refer to your Textbook pg 58)

Lesson 5: IMPORTANCE OF FARM MANAGEMENT

LESSON OUTCOME

ii) Discuss the importance of farm management.

SUMMARY NOTE

Farm management is essential because it allows the farmer to plan, monitor and assess the performance of the farm with the aim of achieving the farmer's goals and making a profit.

LESSON ACTIVITY

Define the following terms:
Farm management:
Manipulate:
Discuss why farm management is important in running a commercial
farm

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