PENANG SANGAM HIGH SCHOOL YEAR 9 MATHEMATICS WEEK 3

Dates: (14/06/21) to (18/06/21)

1	The property that is normally used to expand the brackets as shown in the example
	below would be: $x(x-3)$:
	A. Associative
	B. Commutative
	C. Distributive
	D. Aromatic
2	The expression 4a + 2a when simplified gives :
	A. $a + 2a$
	B. 6a
	$C. 8a^2$
	D. $6a^2$
3	The expression $4^0 + x^0$ when simplified will give
	A. $4x$
	B. $4x^0$
	C. 2
	D. 5
4	The value of $-(-3)^2$ would be
	A 9
	B. - 9
	C. 9
	D(-9)
5	Sera had 5 coconuts in the basket. She took out two coconuts because
	they were bad and added eleven more coconuts. How many coconuts
	are in the basket altogether?
	A. 7
	B. 11
	C. 3
	D. 14
6	The expression $3(f + 5)$ when expanded would give
	A. 3f + 5
	B. $3f + 15$
	C. 3f + 8
	D. 8f
7	$(x^3y^2)^3$ is equal to
	A. x^9y^6
	B. x^6y^6
	C. x^9y^5
	D. x^6y^5
I	$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{v}^{v} \mathbf{v}^{v}$

8	Which of the following is a numerical fraction?
	A. $\frac{1}{6}$
	B. $\frac{1}{6}y$
	C. $\frac{y}{6}$
	D. $\frac{1}{6y}$
	,
9	Simplify
	(a.) $\frac{x}{8} \div \frac{3x}{8}$ (b.) $-x - 5y + 4x - 2y$
	(b.) -x - 5y + 4x - 2y
10	(a) Salar da a matia y 2(2) 0
10	(a.) Solve the equation $3(x-2) = 9$
	(b.) If $x = 2$, $y = 0.3$, Evaluate: $2y - x^2$
11	Simplify (a) $(-3a) \times (-2ab)$ (b) $-(4n^3)^2$
11	Simplify (a) $(-3a) \times (-2ab)$ (b) $-(4a)$
10	1
12	If $x = 2$, $y = 0.3$, $z = -\frac{1}{2}$, Evaluate the following:
	(a) $2y + x^2$
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{(a) } 2y + x^2 \\ \text{(b) } \frac{xy}{z} \end{array}$
	2
13	Expand and Simplify:
1.4	(a) $2(a+3)$ (b) $2x^2-3(x-1)$ Solve the equation
14	
	(a) $4(x-5) = 36$ b) Solve $\frac{F}{5} = 6$
15	(a) Solve for x b) Solve the in-equation. $4t - 5 > 11$
	$\frac{2}{7}x + 3 = 5$
16	Simplify the following expressions.
	(a) $x^3 \times 5$ (b) $6g^5 \times 3g^3$ (c) $5x + 7y + 2x + y$