

<u>Strand</u>	Social organization and processes.
<u>Sub- Strand</u>	Cultural identity, diversity and cohesion
<u>Content Learning Outcome:</u>	Gather information about the main groups of people in the world, explore their establishments and evolvement with other groups.

**Lesson Notes:**

1. The major groups of people in the world extend throughout the major continental areas such as Africa and Asia and large island chains such as:
  - Micronesia.
  - Polynesia.
  
2. The major groups are:
  - Africa – Some African countries are Nigeria, Kenya and Ghana.
  
  - American – Have lived for thousands of years in the northern hemisphere.
  
  - Asian – Include people in the continent of Asia. It includes Japan, Taiwan, the Philippines, China and Indonesia.
  
  - Australia – Are also called Aborigines. Australians are people who live in Australia.
  
  - European – Include people throughout Europe. Some European countries are Spain, England, Portugal and Scotland.
  
  - Indian – Are people in South Asia to the Himalayas and to the Indian Ocean.
  
  - Melanesian – Countries are Fiji, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu and Papua New Guinea.
  
  - Micronesians – Include a group of Islands in the Pacific. They Include the Caroline’s, Gilberts, Marianas, Marshall and Kiribati.
  
  - Polynesians – Are Pacific Island people living far apart ranging from Hawaii to Ellice Islands, Cook Islands, Tahiti, Samoa, Tonga and Easter Islands.

**Activity**

**Short Answer**

1. State 2 examples of an African Country.
2. What is another name for native Australians?
3. Name 4 European countries.
4. Give an Example of a Melanesian country.
5. Who are Polynesians?