SUVA SANGAM COLLEGE

<u>YEAR 11</u>

MATHEMATICS LIFE SKILLS

WORKSHEET 8

Stra	nd 1	Social Mathematic	s			
Sub	Sub-Strand 11.1.4 Budgeting					
		Demonstrate effect	ve decision making in sper	nding and saving		
	come					
Ques	tions					
1.	Define budget and give two reasons why we need to prepare budget.Use the information given below to answer questions 2 and 3.Mr. Sharma works as a Manager for hotel products, earning a salary of \$2800 per month. Given below are the estimated expenses for Mr. Sharma.					
	Rent		\$700 a month]		
	Entertainment Electricity and water bills		\$90 a week]		
			\$80 a month			
	Insurance	premiums	\$90 a month			
	Medical in	surance	\$100 a month			
	Food		\$200 a week			
	Maintenance of a car Clothes		\$200 a month			
			\$80 a week			
	Children's school expense		\$70 a week			
	CONCEPT I monthly exp	weeklv exr				
2.	Show the calculations for the following particulars for Mr Sharma's expenses					
	Particulars		Amount	Cost per month		
	Entertainment		\$90 a week			
	Food		\$200 a week			
	Clothes		\$80 a week			
	Children's	school expense	\$70 a week			
		school expense	\$70 a week			

Complete the Budget by filling in the blanks.					
articulars	\$	\$			
Income					
Salary		2 800			
Expenses					
Rent	700				
Entertainment					
Electricity and water bills	80				
Insurance premiums	90				
Medical insurance	100				
Food					
Maintenance of a car	200				
Clothes					
Children's school expense					
Total expenses					

SUVA SANGAM COLLEGE

<u>YEAR 11</u>

APPLIED MATHEMATICS

WORKSHEET 8

Strand	Algebra
Sub-Strand	Sequences
Content Learning	Evaluate sigma notation, find nth term and sum of Arithmetic Sequence.
Outcome	
Reference from	Pg 55 - 58
Text	

Questions

	CONCEPT IN BRIEF:				
	$\sum \rightarrow$ means sum of				
	Example: $\sum_{n=1}^{4} (n) = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 = 10$				
1.	Work out the following summation.				
	(a) $\sum_{n=1}^{4} (2n+1)$				
	(b) $\sum_{r=-1}^{3} (r^2 - 2)$				
-	CONCEPT IN BRIEF:				
	To find the n th term of an arithmetic sequence: $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$ where				
	a = first term, d = common difference, n = number of terms.				
	$d = t_2 - t_1$				
2.	An arithmetic sequence is given as < 5,9,13,17, >				
	(a) Find the common difference of the sequence				
	(b) Find the 20^{th} term of the sequence.				
	CONCEPT IN BRIEF:				
	To find the sum of the first <i>n</i> terms of an arithmetic sequence;				
	$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$ where $a = first term, d =$				
	$common\ difference, n = number\ of\ terms.$				
3.	For the arithmetic sequence $< 5,9,13,17, \dots $, find the sum of the first fifteen				
	terms of the sequence.				