

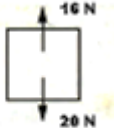
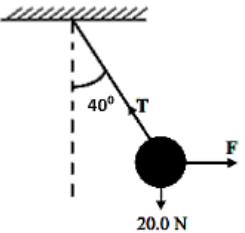
SUVA SANGAM COLLEGE

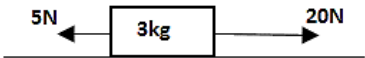
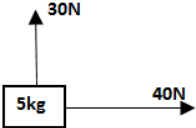
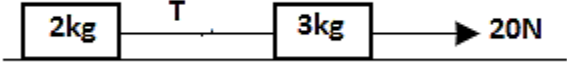
YEAR 12

PHYSICS

WORKSHEET-6

STRAND 1 MECHANICS

NO.	CONCEPT IN BRIEF: FORCES <u>FORCE</u> ➤ Is a vector quantity ➤ Unit is Newton (N) <u>RESULTANT FORCE</u> Single force upon adding forces on the same object considering their direction. <u>Example</u> (a)  $F_r = \uparrow 16N + \downarrow 20N = \downarrow 4N$ (b)  <u>Newton's 2nd Law</u> ❖ Relationship between F_r and the mass is $F = ma$, i.e. $\uparrow F$ results in an $\uparrow a$, ($F \propto a$) <u>Equilibrium in 2 dimensions</u> When 2 or more forces are acting on the same object at the same time, their sum is zero. $\sum F_x = 0, \sum F_y = 0$
1	A pendulum which weighs 20.0 N is attached to a string. It is held aside by a horizontal force F to make an angle of 40° to the vertical as shown in the diagram.  Calculate: (i) The magnitude of the tension T in the string (ii) The force F.

	CONCEPT IN BRIEF: FORCES <u>Applications of Newton's Law</u> <u>Objectives:</u> Solve application questions using Newton's Law (2nd Law) <u>Accelerating Objects</u> The acceleration of any object can be found by first finding the net force acting on the object. The net/resultant force is the vector sum of all the forces acting on the object.
2	(i) Two forces act on a 3ks mass as shown below  Find the acceleration of the mass. (ii) Two forces act on an object as shown:  Calculate: (a) The net force acting on the object. (b) The acceleration of the object.
	CONCEPT IN BRIEF: FORCES <u>Couples Masses</u> <u>Case 1a: Masse pulled by strings</u>  <u>Acceleration</u> Using Newton's 2nd Law: $F = ma, \quad a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{F}{m_1 + m_2}$ Masses are added since they are connected to each other. <u>Tension in the string</u> If the surface is frictionless then the tension in the string connecting the masses is given by: $Tension = mass\ being\ pulled \times acceleration$
3	2 masses are connected by a light inextensible string on a frictionless horizontal surface as shown below.  Calculate: (i) The acceleration of the system (ii) The tension in the string connecting the 2 masses.