PENANG SANGAM HIGH SCHOOL P.O.BOX 44, RAKIRAKI LESSON NOTES

School: PENANG SANGAM HIGH SCHOOL

Year/Level: 10

Subject: SOCIAL SCIENCE

WEEK 10

Strand	SOCIAL ORGANISATION
Sub Strand	SS10.1.3.1 Evaluate and explain the role of the United Nations in promoting world peace, stability and prosperity
Content Learning Outcome	Assess and describe the United Nations role in bringing about world peace, stability and prosperity

1. FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANISATION



The **Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations** (**FAO**) is a specialized agency of the United Nations that leads international efforts to defeat hunger and improve nutrition and food security. Its Latin motto, *fiat panis*, translates to "let there be bread". Founded in October 1945, the FAO is the oldest existing agency of the U.N.

The FAO is headquartered in Rome, Italy and maintains regional and field offices around the world, operating in over 130 countries.

It helps governments and development agencies coordinate their activities to improve and develop agriculture, forestry, fisheries, and land and water resources. It also conducts research, provides technical assistance to projects, operates educational and training programs, and collects data on agricultural output, production, and development.

Composed of 197 member states, the FAO is governed by a biennial conference representing each member country and the European Union, which elects a 49-member executive council.

The three main goals are:

- * the eradication of hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition;
- * the elimination of poverty and the driving forward of economic and social progress for all;
- * sustainable management and utilization of natural resources, including land, water, air, climate
- * genetic resources for the benefit of present and future generations.

ROLES OF FAO

- * Help eliminate hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition
- * Make agriculture, forestry and fisheries more productive and sustainable

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- ★ Reduce rural poverty
- * Enable inclusive and efficient agricultural and food systems
- * Increase the resilience of livelihoods to threats and crises

<u>Activity</u>

- 1. Where is the headquarters of FAO?
- 2. State two functions of the FAO.
- 3. List two roles of the FAO.

2. INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANISATION



The **International Labour Organization** (**ILO**) is a United Nations agency whose mandate is to advance social justice and promote decent work by setting international labour standards.

It was the first specialised agency of the UN. The ILO has 187 member states: 186 of the 193 UN members.

The International Labour Office is the permanent secretariat of the International Labour Organization. It is the focal point for International Labour Organization's overall activities, which it prepares under the scrutiny of the Governing Body and under the leadership of the Director-General.

The ILO employs some 2,700 officials from over 150 nations at its headquarters in Geneva, and in around 40 field offices around the world. Among these officials, 900 work in technical cooperation programmes and projects.

The International Labour Organization has developed a system of international labour standards aimed at promoting opportunities for women and men to obtain decent and productive work, in conditions of freedom, equity, security and dignity

FUNCTIONS OF ILO

- Protection of the worker against sickness, disease and injury arising out of his employment;
- Protection of children, young persons and women;
- Provision for old age and injury, protection of the interests of workers when employed in countries other than their own;
- Recognition of the principle of equal remuneration for work of equal value;
- Recognition of the principle of freedom of association;
- Organization of vocational and technical education, and other measures.
- Improve the working conditions of workers at workplace.