Subject: English Year: 7 Name: _____

ACTIVITY: Part A – Comprehension Check

1. Name the star which is in the centre of the Solar System.

<u>Sun</u>

2. How many planets are there in the Solar System? 8 Planets

3. How long will the sun keep burning? 5 billion years

4. Which planet is known as the Evening Star? Venus

5. Why do meteors glow they shoot through our sky? They burn and glow

6. Which planet is no longer considered a planet? Pluto

Part B – Fill In The Blanks

1) <u>Jupiter</u> is a giant planet, one thousand times bigger than Earth. It is made of gas and has massive storms that can last for hundreds of years.

2) <u>Saturn</u> is best known for its rings which are made of ice, dust and rocks. It is the second biggest planet and has more than 30 moons.

3) <u>Uranus</u> is blue-green in colour. It has eleven narrow rings around it and is very cold and icy.

4) <u>Neptune</u> is a stormy planet with strong winds. It is blue in colour and has four rings and is extremely cold.

 Subject:
 Mathematics
 Year:
 7
 Name:

ACTIVITY:

1. What are polygons?

Shapes are made usually made up of lines and curves.

2. What are regular polygons?

Are shapes which have all the sides and angles equal

3. What are irregular polygons?

Are shapes that do not have all the sides and angles equal

4. Describe concave polygons.

Are polygons which have atleast one internal angle greater than 180°

5. Describe convex polygons.

Are shapes which have no ionternal angles greater than 180°. All regular polygons are convex polygons.

6. What are complex polygons?

Are shapes which have a line that crosses another line

- 7. Give examples of 2D Shapes and 3D Shapes:
- 2D shapes : <u>Square, triangle, rectangle, pentagon</u>
- 3D shapes: Prism, Pyramids, cylinders

Subject: Healthy Living Year: 7 Name: _____

ACTIVITY:

1. What is Scabies?

Scabies is a skin disease caused by a crab-shaped mite that burrows into your skin

2. How can scabies be spread?

Scabies spread by close contact with someone who has scabies. It can also be spread by sharing towels, bed sheets, and other personal belongings.

3. What does scabies cause?

<u>Scabies causes severe itching that is usually worse at night and a rash with tiny</u> <u>blisters or sores</u>

4. What is the treatment for scabies?

You need to use a special cream or lotion that a doctor prescribes. In severe cases, your doctor may also give you pills to take

- 5. Fill In The Blank Spaces.
 - 1. Always cover your mouth and nose when coughing or sneezing
 - 2. Stay in bed when you are <u>sick.</u> If you go near other people, you may pass on the <u>disease</u> to them.
 - 3. Keep <u>windows</u> open to allow air to move in and out <u>freely</u>.
 - 4. Do not <u>spit</u> on the ground. If you have to spit, spit in the toilet or in a drain, or the hand basin where the <u>sputum</u> can be washed away.
 - 5. Do not spit in the <u>kitchen</u> sink.
 - 6. A sick person should spit into a container which contains disinfectant
 - 7. If a paper <u>handkerchief/towel</u> is used to trap sputum or nose <u>discharge</u> burn the handkerchief.

Subject: Hindi	Year: 7	Name:
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- 1. उनके घर में कुछ खाने को नहीं था।
- 2. वह भीक मांगने लगी।
- 3. सुदामा से उनका हाल बतलायगी |
- वह खाली हाथ कैसे उनसे मिलने जाय ।
- एक बूढी दादी ने उनहे चावल की खीले ले जाने को कहा ।

NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL

NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED

WORKSHEET 14- 2021

LESONI:	Na vosa vaka itaukei ena i na ika vitu kei na ika walu ni yabaki
YACA NI MATANA:	ΝΑ ΙΤΟΥΟ ΚΕΙ ΝΑ ΙΥΑΚΑRAU ΥΑΚΑΥΑΝUΑ
NANAMAKI NI MATANA:	Na bula veimaliwai vakamata tamata kei na vanua e vakarautaki kina.
ULUTAGA: NA I TOVO KEI NA I V.	AKARAU VAKAVANUA [20 na maka]
I. Wirina na i sau ni taro ko sa	digitaka.
1. Na i yau cava e vakatokai me	e ulu ni yau vaka-Viti?
A. ibe	
B. masi	
C. tabua	
D. yaqona	
2. Na moto e dau vakayagatak	i ena meke
A. dabe	
B. wesi.	
C. seasea. D. vakamalolo	
3. Na burua e dau vakayacori er	na gauna ni
A. somate.	
B. tevutevu	
C. vakamau	
D. sucu ni gone4. Veitalia ga na kacabote e i bo	
A. boto.	
B. qari.	
C. lairo.	
D. kalavo	
5. Ena i wiliwili Vaka-Viti, ni tini ı A. bi.	na vai sa dua na
B. dali.	
C. tabakau.	
D. kumakumare	
Vola e dua na i toga ($$) key	aka e donu na i yatuvosa e soli e ra se korosi (X) kevaka e cala.
1. Na i vana e tiki ni vale Va	
	ataki ena meke <u>X</u>
	e i galogalovi <u>v</u>
	na gauna ni somate ^x
	ataqali MatanivanuaX
Sangam Education Board- Onlir	ne Kesources

B. Vola I tukutukutaka na ulutaga ka soli tiko e ra.		
<u>Na Yaga ni Teitei</u>		
Sangam Education Board- Online Resources		

Subject: Social Science Year: 7 Name: _____

ACTIVITY:

A: FILL IN THE BLANK SPACES GIVEN BELOW.

Pacific <u>people</u> tend to move <u>overseas</u> at a fast rate. The total <u>population</u> of Pacific Islanders living outside their country of origin is about 800.000. In Polynesia the total <u>number</u> of people or ethnic groups living overseas is 93% for Niue, 82% for Cook Islands, 62% for Samoa and 52% for Tonga. The population of Fijians <u>migrating</u> overseas is also growing. Marshall Islanders are <u>migrating</u> mainly in the USA. The population of Pacific Islanders migrating overseas would be <u>larger</u> if all countries were included.

B: List the advantages of migration:

<u>1. Money receives from their salaries assists those back at home in weddings, funerals, school fees, purchasing land and build new houses, so level of living is maintained.</u>

<u>2. Money receives from their incomes helps provides security in economic crisis and natural disasters, which result in lower poverty rate.</u>

<u>3. Pacific Island countries have received a lot of money from remittances. For example, the</u> <u>contribution of remittance income to foreign exchange in Fiji is more than tourism or the sugar</u> <u>industry</u>

C: List the disadvantages of migration:

- 1. Pacific Islanders that are born overseas keep increasing.
- 2. Loss of human capital due to emigration of skilled workers.
- 3. Low population growth for Pacific Islands.
- 4. Consumption or eating level and social welfare increase on the migrating country
- 5. As people with knowledge and skills are moving overseas therefore bringing in new people with little experience to be absorbed in the labour force becomes a problem and as a result economic growth becomes poor.

Subject: Basic Science

Year: 7

Name: _____

ACTIVITY:

1. What is Climate ?

Climate is the average weather usually taken over a 30-year time period for a particular region and time period.

2. Define Weather

Weather describes the short-term state of the atmosphere at any time; including things such as temperature, precipitation, air pressure and cloud cover

3. Describe the five layers of the atmosphere:

Troposphere	The first and the lowest level of the atmosphere. Also known as the weather layer. It extends for about 10-15km. Helicopters and light aircrafts fly within the troposphere.	
Stratosphere	The second layer of the atmosphere. It extends up to about 50km. Commercial jet aircrafts fly in this layer. Ozone layer is also found here. Weather balloons can reach this layer.	
Mesosphere	The third layer of the atmosphere. It extends from 50-85km. Most meteors vaporize in the mesosphere.	
Thermosphere	The fourth layer of the atmosphere. It extends from 90km up to 1000km. Solar activity strongly influences temperature in the thermosphere. Satellites fly in this layer.	
Exosphere	The fifth and uppermost layer of the atmosphere. It gradually fades into the vacuum of the space. It extends to about 10000km from the top of the thermosphere.	
4. Define the following:		

Global	Global warming is the abnormal rapid increase in Earth's average surface temperature
Warming	over the past century due to the greenhouse gases
Climate	Climate change is the long-term alteration of temperature and typical weather
Change	patterns in a place