Term 3 Week 14 Lesson Notes Name

School – Lovu Sangam School <u>Year</u>- 3

Subject- English

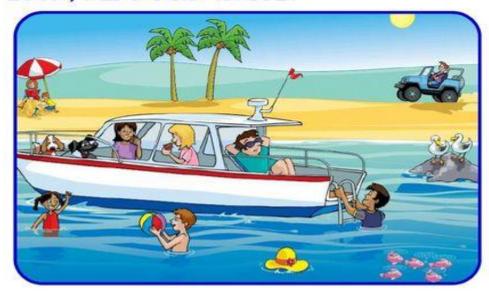
Strand	Writing and shaping	
Sub Strand	Text types media, everyday communication, literacy texts.	
Learning Outcome	Evaluate meaning and purpose of media everyday	
	communication and literacy text.	

Picture Composition

READING AND WRITING

- AT THE BEACH -

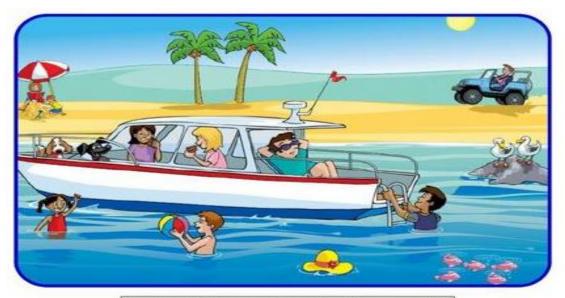
LOOK, READ AND WRITE.



The family are at the beach. Kim and Sue are eating a cake. Ben is relaxing on the boat. Nick is driving a car. Lucy and Hugo are playing with a ball and their cousin Sam is making a sand castles. Two seagulls are on a rock and there are two dogs on the boat. There is a yellow hat in the water next to the pink fish.

Activity

Fill in the blanks



boat - yellow - cake - beach - seagulls car - playing - dogs - making - pink

The family are at th	e Kim an	d Sue are eating a
B	en is relaxing on the	Nick is
driving a	Lucy and Hugo are	
with a ball and their c	ousin Sam is	_ a sandcastle. Two
ar	e on a rock and there are two	
on the boat. There is	a hat in th	e water next to the
fis	sh.	

<u>Term 3</u> <u>Week 15</u>

<u>Lesson Notes</u> N

Name

School – Lovu Sangam School

<u>Year</u>- 3

Subject- English

Strand	Writing and shaping	
Sub Strand	Text types media, everyday communication, literacy texts.	
Learning Outcome	Evaluate meaning and purpose of media everyday communication and literacy text.	

Reading Comprehension

Read the short story

A Visit to the Water Park

There is a new water park in town. We go there on the first day of summer. It has pools and water slides. There are sprinklers too. The slides are scary at first. After the first ride, we love the water slides. The sprinklers are cool on hot days. One of the pools makes its own waves. All the kids try to surf the waves. It is really fun. The water park can be very crowded. There are many kids and adults, but they do not allow pets. We really like the ice cream at the snack bar. They also sell pop and donuts. We all love the new water park.



Activity Read the story and answer the questions.

1. What is new in town?	
2. What is scary at first?	-
3. What is cool on a hot day?	_•
4. What do they love at the snack bar?	<u> </u>
Draw yourself enjoying at the water park with your family	·

TERM 3 WORKSHEET 14

LESSON NOTES

School: <u>Lovu Sangam School</u> Year: <u>3</u>

Subject: Mathematics

Strand	Measurement	
Sub Strand	Time	
Content Learning Outcome	Interpret time in 30 minutes interval using digital and	
	analogue clock and plan sequence of events accordingly.	

Notes

Word Problem

Eli left home at 7 o'clock, and reached school after 30 minutes. What time did she arrive at school?

<u>Discussion:</u> Study the table to Answer the Question.

	Jack's School Day			
	Morning			
Wake up	7.00			
Breakfast	7.30			
School	8.45			
Afternoon				
Lunch	12.30			
Club meeting	4.15			
Evening				
Bedtime	8.15			

Question:

- 1. What time does Jack have his lunch?
- 2. How long does Jack spend sleeping? _____

Activity

Put a tick in the correct box if Jack is not following his timetable. Write the correct time that is shown on the clock face. The first one is done for you.

a) Wake up time: 7.05

Time	7.05
Early on	
time	
Late	V

b) Arrive at school

Time	
Early on	
time	
Late	

c) Arrive at club meeting

Time	
Early on	
time	
Late	







TERM 3 WEEK 15

ASSESSMENT- MATHEMATICS

NAME:		MARK ACHIEVED:		/ 20
SECTION A: MULT	TIPLE CHOICE	(5 M	(5 MARKS)	
1. 18 ÷ 6 =				
A. 3	B. 9	C. 5	D. 4	
2. 5+5+5+5=				
A. 25	B. 2	C. 20	D. 52	
3. Which fraction ide	entifies ¼ of the shap	be is not shaded.		
A. [В. С.	D.		
4. An	is the length mea	sured on a person o	outstretched arms.	
A. step	B. fathom	C. hand span	D. arm length	
5. 1 centimetre is equ	al to	millimetre.		
A. 100	B. 10	C. 15	D. 1000	
SECTION B: TRUE	OR FALSE.	((5 MARKS)	
1. 1 cm= 1 km.				
2. A toy car is heavie	er than a rock.			
3. An apple is lighter	than a filled water b	oottle		
4. A square has 3 ver	rtices.			
5. A circle has 0 side	s and corners.			
SECTION C MATC	HING – Draw line to	o match	(5 MARKS)	
1.		A. Para	ıllelogram	
_		B. Pent	tagon	
2.		C. Hear	rt	
3.		D. Ova	I	
		E. Hexa	agon	
4.				
5.				

SECTION D: Drawing and labelling (5 MARKS)

Draw and label the angles and directions using the properties given.
1. A line goes on and on in both direction.
Name:
2. A line segment is a part of a line and it has two end points.
Name:
3. A ray has a line segment with only one end point and it goes in one direction.
Name:
4. A line which is not straight with any sharp edges.
Name:
5. Two lines on a plane that never meet. They are always the same distance apart.
Name:
THE END!!!

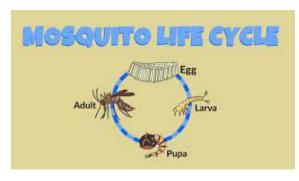
Term 3	WEEK 14	Name:	
School – Lovu Sans	eam School	Year- 3	

Subject- Healthy Living

Strand	Personal and community health
Sub Strand	Destroying Mosquitoes
Learning Outcome	Differentiate ways of preventing airborne, mosquitoes, waterborne diseases and diseases caused by household
	pests.

Destroying Mosquitoes

- Mosquitoes bite us and disturb our sleep by buzzing around our ears
- Some carry germs and makes us sick
- Black and white stripe mosquitoes spread dengue fever
- Mosquitoes lay their eggs in still water
- We should destroy their breeding place by cleaning our surrounding properly
- We should burry tins and shells. Empty water in tyres or anything that holds water for long
- Mosquitoes live in water that collects in blocked drains, puddles, toilets, abandoned container, tins, coconut shells and dark corners of the building etc.





AIR BORNE DISEASES AND ITS PREVENTION

Common cold, flu, measles are common examples of air borne diseases. These diseases are spread by air.

Prevention of air borne diseases

- 1. Wash hands before eating meal, after handling animals, after visiting toilet, after playing and after sneezing or coughing
- 2. Good ventilation open the doors and window to allow fresh air to come in.
- 3. Use handkerchief to cover your mouth or nose while coughing or sneezing
- 4. Keep your distance, if you wake up coughing and sneezing in weekday morning, the best thing to do is to stay home rather than going to school.

Activity

Draw some ot	ther mosquitoe	s breeding place	ces that you kno	ow of.	

Term 3

WEEK 15- ASSESSMENT

HEALTHY LIVING

Name:	Year:	Mark:	/20
SECTION A MULTIPLE Circle the letter of the		(5 MARKS)	
-	th whom you can share y	your personal problems is	•
A. thief. B. criminal			
C. teacher.	•		
c. toucher.			
2. One way in wh	nich you can keep yourse	elf safe is by?	
	yourself-untidy & dirty.		
1 0	yourself clean &tidy.		
C. keeping	big fingernails.		
3. We should alw	ays have	relationships with eve	erybody.
A. good.	•		
B. rude.			
C. bad			
4. Changes happe	n in our body as we		
A. Grow ol	der.		
B. Grow sn	naller.		
C. Do not g	grow.		
5. Another name f	For food contamination is	S	
A. bacteria.			
B. Food po	isoning.		
C. dysenter	y.		

Section: C True or False

	Write True or False for the following.	
1.	We must bath every week.	
2.	We should brush only at night.	
3.	Eat balanced meal every day.	
4.	Drinking boiled water is bad for our health.	
5.	We should protect our eyes from sharp object.	
		(5 marks)
Section	on E Short Answers	(10 marks)
1.	Write down two road safety rules.	
2.	List two good behaviours of a person.	·
3.	Write down two symptom of food contamination	on.
4.	List two sources of drinking water.	
5.	Energy giving is one of the three food groups o down another two (2) food groups.	f a balanced meal. List

THE END!!!!....

Week 14

Lesson Notes

Term 3

Name _____

School - Lovu Sangam School

Year-3

Subject- Hindi

Strand	Reading and viewing
Sub Strand	Language Features and Rules
Learning Outcome	Look ,read the story with understanding and complete the sentences.

Picture composition



• यह चित्र पिकनिक का है| इस चित्र में एक परिवार पिकनिक मनाने आए हैं| इस चित्र में पाँच लोग हैं| माता-पिता और तीन बच्चे हैं| इसमें एक छोटा सा पालना भी है जिसमे बच्चा सो रहा है | इस चित्र में चारो तरफ हरियाली छाई हई है| इस चित्र में एक हरा-भरा सेब का पेड़ है, जिसमे लड़की पेड़ से सेब तोड़ रही है| और छोटा लड़का तितिलयों को पकड़ने के लिए पीछे भाग रहा है| माताजी किताब पढ़ रही हैं , और पिताजी तरब्ज खा रहे हैं | घास पर फल उगे हए हैं, और कुछ पत्ते भी हैं| खेलने के लिए गेंद भी राखी हुई है, और टोकरी में खाने की चीजें हैं| चित्र में एक कुता है जो की आराम कर रहा है| यह चित्र बहुत ही सुहावना है |

 Activity
 Read the story and complete the sentences

 1. यह चित्र पकिनक

 2. एक परिवार

 3. लड़की पेड़ से

 4. माताजी किताब

 5. घास पर

Lesson Notes

Term 3

Name _____

School - Lovu Sangam School

Year-3

Subject- Hindi

Strand	Reading and viewing
Sub Strand	Language Features and Rules
Learning Outcome	Justify understanding of basic Hindi convention such as punctuation,
	grammar rules, tense and parts of speech.

लिंग/ Gender- (male or female)

संज्ञा के जिस रूप से किसी व्यक्ति या वस्तु की पुरुष अथवा स्त्री जाति का बोध होता हैं उसे लिंग कहते हैं। उदाहरण: माता, पिता, यमुना, शेर, शेरनी, दादा, दादी, बकरा, बकरी।

लिंग के भेद

लिंग के दो भेद होते हैं:

(१) पुल्लिंग (Masculine Gender) male/ boys

जिन शब्दों से **पुरुष जाति** का बोध होता है उन्हें पुल्लिंग शब्द कहते हैं।

जैसे: पिता, भाई, लड़का।

(२) स्त्रीलिंग (Feminine Gender) female/girls

जिन शब्दों से **स्त्री जाति** का बोध होता है उन्हें स्त्रीलिंग शब्द कहते हैं |

जैसे: माता, बहन, नारी।

पुल्लिंग	स्त्रीलिंग
पिता	माता
गायक	गायिका
धोबी	धोबिन
माली	मालिन
मोर	मोरनी
लड़का	लड़की
गुड्डा	गुड़िया
नर	नारी

चूहा	चुहिया
मास्टर	मास्टरनी
बेटा	बेटी
नौकर	नौकरानी
पुरुष	स्त्री
अध्यापक	अध्यापिका
बूढ़ा	बुढ़िया
हाथी	हथिनी
राजा	रानी

 Activity
 लिंग/ Gender

 पुल्लिंग (masculine- male)
 स्त्रीलिंग (Feminine- female)

 1. पिता

 2. मोर

 3. _____

 बेटी

 4. राजा

 5. नौकर

School: <u>Lovu Sangam School</u> **Year/Level**: 3 **WORKSHEET** # 14

Subject :NA VEIKA VAKA-VITI: E NA E KA TOLU NI YABAKI

Strand	Volavola kei na Bulibuli.
Sub Strand	Bulia e dua na i okaoka ni tukutuku veikauyaki kei na kena volai me vakadewataka ka vakamacalataka na nanuma e na rai e duidui.
Content	Na veivanua e vakayagataki kina na vosa vanua ni vakau i tukutuku , veivosaki
Learning	e veisiga, yaloyalo, vosa vakayagataki e na vakacacali.
Outcome	

Na Duidui ni Vosa

1.suaka – me comaka e dua na ka gagata me curubasikata na kuli ka yacova yani na lewe.

2.coka – e vakayagataki na moto me cokotaki yani.

3.tonoka – comaka yani e dua na ka mumucu.

4.cula – e vakayagataki na i cula se dua na ka gagata lailai.

5.diaka – e dua na ka gagata ka lekaleka na kena dia ka qai kolotaki yani e na kena nanumi me laki wakelekele se coba ki na ka e vinakati me lauta.

Vakayagataka na veivosa oqori e na vanua sa lala koto e ra .

1.A	_ na yavaqu na voto ni moli.
2.Au a	na ketene ka qai kidacala.
3.A	n dalo ko Nau me kila kina ni sa buta.
4.Au a qai	na koli ni sa kodro.
5.Au a	na kete ni vuaka ka qai kasabura mai na nona wawa

School: <u>Lovu Sangam School</u> **Year/ Level**: 3 **WORKSHEET** # 15

Subject :NA VEIKA VAKA-VITI: E NA E KA TOLU NI YABAKI

ASSESSMENT

WILIVOLA KEI NA SAUMI TARO. (5 na maka)

Na Vavavi

TARO

E na veikoro e sa dau tu ga na vanua e dau caka kina na vavavi ka dau vakalevu ga me tu e nai bili ni koro. Ni tukuni me caka na vavavi, e na sega tale ni qarai e dua na vanua vou ka ni sa na laki cara ga na lovo makawa. Sa tu rawa talega e kea na qoca ka sa na vo walega me ta mai na buka.

E na veibili ni yasa ni koro, sa na tu talega na vanua e ra dau vavavi kina vaka mataqali se vakaitokatoka se vakoro. Na qele ni lovo e qele bulabula sara ka dau so na gauna ni sa oti na vavavi, era na dau bucina kina na nodra kasa ni yaqona.

E ra dau vakaitavi vakalevu ena vakatubu lovo na cauravou. E dua na ka e da druka kina na nodra soya na dalo. E sega ni ka dredre na vakatubu lovo ka ni ra sa dui kila tu na nodrai tavi yadua.

1.Na cava e dau caka e na veikoro?
2.E vei na vanua e dau caka kina na vakatubu lovo?
3.Na cava soti e dau vakayagataki e na lovo?
4.E mataqali qele vakacava na qele ni lovo?
5.Na cava e dau bucini e na qele ni lovo?

Vakacavara mai nai yatu vosa era. (5 na maka)					
1.E na veikoro e sa dau					
2.Ni tukuni me cak	2.Ni tukuni me caka na vavavi,				
3.Sa tu rawa talega	·				
4.E na veibili ni ya	sa ni koro,			·	
5.E ra dau vakaitav	vi			·	
Vakacuruma na v		·			
vakamataqali	bulabula	druka	dredre	buka	
1.Sa tu rawa na qoca ka sav o ga me ta mai na 2.E sega ni ka na vakatubu lovo. 3.E dua na ka e da kina na nodra soya na dalo. 4.Na qele ni lovo e qele 5.E ra dau vavavi se vakaitokatoka.					
Vakacuruma na vo	sa e na vanua e lala	. (5 na maka)			
1.vava					
2.yana					
3.cauvou					
4.bulala					
5.vakataqali.					

Fill in the blanks

1. Christians pray in
2. Diwali is celebrated by
3. Tins, bottles, glass and cans should be
4. Leaves, grass, fruits and vegetable peelings should be thrown in a
5. Easter is celebrated by
6. Eid is celebrated by
7. An extended family is afamily.
8. A nuclear family is a family.
9. The holy book of Christians is called
10. Personal resources are things that we
11. Do not go anywhere
12. Money received as salary or wages is known as
13. Money, we use to pay bills and buy groceries is called an
14. Left over money from your spending is called
15. A school is a place for
Words
own big small compost buried bible Christians Hindus Church Muslims
learning expenses income savings alone
Questions
1. Write down the names of 3 personal resources that you use at home?
2. Write down the names of 3 personal resources that you use in school?
3. What is a job of a teacher?
4. What is the job of a nurse?
5. Give two ways in which you can save money?

1075 Lovu Sangam School

Assessment social studies

Year 3			Name:		
Marks:	: 25				
Section	<u>n A</u>	Multiple Choice	10 marks		
	<u>Ci</u>	rcle the best answer of the l	<u>letter</u>		
1.	Diwali is celebrated by	·			
A.	Christians	B. Hindus	C. Muslims		
2.	On 10 th October we cele	ebrated			
	A. Fiji day	B. Diwali	C. Eid		
3.		total expenses will give you			
		B. savings			
4.		o look after			
	A. healthy	B. poor	C. sick		
5.	Do not	mangoes from others trees.			
	A. steal	B. ask	C. tell		
6.	Christmas is celebrated	by			
	A. Christians	B. Hindus	C. Muslims		
7.	The headteacher of or	school is '			
	A. Mrs Ratnam	B. Mrs S. Chand	C. Mr Sen		
8.		on how money will be used.			
	A. Spending	B. canteen	C. budget		
9.(This symbol in the fa	amily tree means	·		
	A. female	B. male	C. married to		
10.	A carpenter	houses.			
	A. damage	B. destroy	C. builds		
Section					
1.		ng to us	_•		
2.		••			
3.	•	y			
4.		lders teach us bad values			
5.	Always keep your home	es and surroundings neat and	clean		
Section	n C Mat	ching 5 marks			
1.	Quran	- A. to give up som	ething.		
2.	Nuclear family	D 14 11 1 1 1	J.		
3.	Sacrifice	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
4.	Personal resources D. father, mother and children				
5.	Cultural Artifacts E. toothbrush, comb and clothes				

TERM 3 WORKSHEET 14

LESSON NOTES

School: Lovu Sangam School Year: 3

Subject: Elementary Science

Strand	Earth and Beyond
Sub Strand	Sundial
Content Learning Outcome	Record and make inferences about local weather patterns
	through regular observation and non-standard measurement
	of events such as rainfall and wind directions.

Notes-Sundial

The shadow created by the sunlight can be used to tell the time.

Sundials are the oldest known instruments for telling time.

The surface of a sundial has markings for each hour of daylight.

As the Sun moves across the sky, another part of the sundial casts a shadow on these markings. The position of the shadow shows what time it is.

AM



PM

Activity

Make a Sundial using a paper plate. Use the following materials to make a Sundial

Material

- Crayons
- ♣ Paper plate
- Sharpened pencil
- Push pins
- **4** Ruler
- Plastic straw

TERM 3 WEEK 15

ASSESSMENT- ELEMENTARY SCIENCE

Name:		Year:	Marks:	/20
SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE	(5 mar	rks)		
1. It takes days for	the earth to	travel arour	nd the sun.	
A.12 B. 26	C. 7	D. 30	55	
2. A measures the A. Thermometer B. W.	-		ometer D.	Rainfall
3. Solar energy comes from the	e	•		
	(D. wat	er
 4. A good way to save energy in A. Using the fan on a coll B. Switching off lights with C. Letting the tap water of D. Keeping the TV on all 5. Which definition best described A. Planets pull objects to B. Muscles attached with different ways. C. Is when two objects so D. Gravity pulls everyth 	d day. Then not in undrip. I day. The Musculation wards them. The bones which the bones which the cover each th	se. or force. ch allows y ch other?	ou to move in	
			(5 ma	rks)
SECTION B TRUE OR FALSI	E (5 MARK	\mathbf{S})		
 Solar system is made up of all th Gravity pushes everything upwa 	_			
3. Pulling a rope is a force				
4. There are nine planets in our sol	ar system			
5. A Sundial is a traditional instrun	nent used to	tell the tim	e	

Match list A to list B and write the correct alphabet in the space provided.

<u>List A</u>				<u>List B</u>
1. Heat Energy		A. Nov	ember to Apr	il.
2. Force		B. Obj	ects slide over	r each other.
3. New Moon		C. Push, pull and twist.		
4. Force of friction		D. Cooking food on the fire.		
5. Cyclone season		E. Moon between earth and sun.		
				(5 marks)
SECTION D DRAWING	AND LABEL	LING		(5 MARKS)
Draw and label five sources	s of energy.			
		-		
	_			