

NADI SANGAM SCHOOL

WEEKLY HOME STUDY

PACKAGE #17

SOLUTIONS

YEAR 3

1076 NADI SANGAM SCHOOL
WEEKLY HOME STUDY PACKAGE #17(Solution)

SUBJECT: English

YEAR/ LEVEL : 3

STRAND	Writing and Shaping
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Discuss appropriate language conventions used in a range of text type
TOPIC	<u>Idioms / Sentence Writing</u>

Word Knowledge: Idioms

An idiom is a phrase or expression that cannot be understood from the ordinary meanings of words in it. Write each sentence and use the words from the box to complete the idiom.

Home nine rise play never shines

1. Make hay while the sun shines.
2. Charity begins at home.
3. Early to bed, early to rise.
4. A stitch in time saves **nine**.
5. Better late than never.
6. When the cat is away the mice **play**.

Sentence Writing

The word **before** can be used to join two sentences. We put before in front of the part which happened second.

For example: I dug a hole. I planted the tree.

Answer: I dug a hole before I planted the tree.

Join each pair of sentences using **before**.

1. I cleaned my teeth. I went to the dentist.
I cleaned my teeth before I went to the dentist.
2. We found some bait. We went fishing.
We found some bait before we went fishing.
3. The whistle blew. He could shoot a goal.
The whistle blew before he could shoot a goal.
4. They wanted to reach home. It became dark.
They wanted to reach home before it became dark.
5. The ship came into port. The storm broke.
The ship came into port before the storm broke.

NADI SANGAM SCHOOL
WEEKLY HOME STUDY PACKAGE # 17 - SOLUTION
SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS
YEAR 3

STRAND: Chance and Data

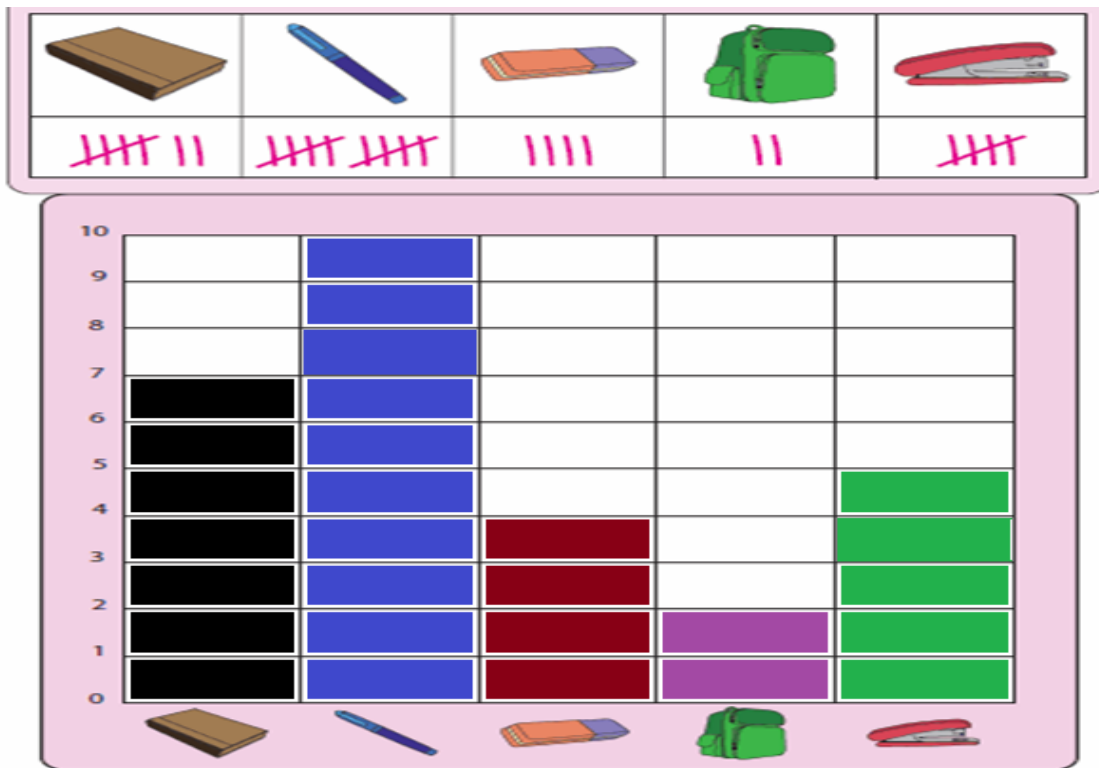
SUB – STRAND: Data Representation & Interpretation

CLO: Read and interpret data as it appears on a table, bar graph or pictograph.

LESSON 1: Study the Bar Graph and answer the questions

1. How many kids liked apples? **4**
2. Which fruit did the most kids like? **ORANGE**
3. Which fruit did the kids like the least? **BANANA**
4. How many kids liked bananas? **2**
5. How many kids are there in total? **15**

LESSON 2: Ranvir needed some school supplies. He recorded the requirements in a tally chart. Help Ranvir to show the requirements in a bar graph.



QUESTIONS

1. How many pen Ranvir needs? 10 PEN
2. How many bags he requires? 2 BAGS
3. What he ordered seven? BOOK
4. What he ordered four? ERASER / RUBBER

STRAND	Writing and Shaping
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Recognize the significance of applying appropriate text types.
TOPIC	कविता



कविता मे से चुने कर दिया गए अक्षरो से शब्द लिखो ।

१. दिवाली
२. जलाओ
३. मिठाई
४. फुलझड़ी
५. खुशी
६. खूब

चित्र बनाओ और रंगो ।

दीप 	पटाखे
मिठाई 	रंगोली

सुधार कर लिखो ।

१. वादीली- दिवाली
२. खेटाप- पटाखे
३. ठाईमि- मिठाई
४. शीखू- खुशी
५. पदी- दीप

विलोम शब्द

१. आई- गई
२. खुशी- दुखी
३. जलाओ- बुझाना

दुखी
बुझाना
गई

1076 NADI SANGAM SCHOOL

WEEKLY HOME STUDY PACKAGE #17(Solution)

SUBJECT: Elementary Science

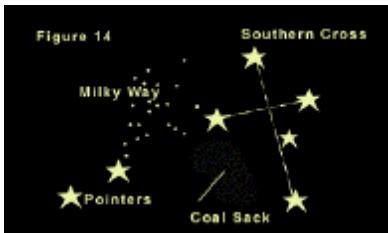
YEAR/ LEVEL: 3

STRAND 4	Earth and Beyond
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Observe and record information overtime about the major visible features of the day and night sky.
TOPIC	<u>Our Solar System</u>

Lesson Notes

Star Pattern

Some bright stars could be joined together to form patterns in the sky. These patterns are given names to fit their shapes. The Southern Cross is one of the patterns that we can see on a clear night.



Southern Cross

Clouds

Clouds are seen clearly during the day. A cloud is a large group of tiny water droplets that we can see in the air. It looks like cotton wool. When the wind picks up water from the ocean or from the land on Earth, it can carry the water up into the sky. If there's a lot of water drops together, most of the sunlight that hits the cloud reflects off the water or ice and comes to your eye, where it looks white. In a thick cloud, the water drops spread the light in all directions instead of reflecting it, and the cloud can look gray or black. Clouds can happen at any height above the ground. Sometimes clouds are actually touching the ground - we call that fog. If you go up to the top of a mountain or in an airplane, you will be above most of the clouds. After it rains, the clouds disappear, because the water they were made of has all come back down to Earth again.



Activity

Sunlight hours Rising and setting times for the Sun in Suva, Fiji.

Date	Sunrise	Sunset	Length of the day
May 27, 2014	6:29 AM	5:38 PM	11h 09m
May 28, 2014	6:29 AM	5:38 PM	11h 09m
May 29, 2014	6:30 AM	5:38 PM	11h 08m
May 30, 2014	6:30 AM	5:38 PM	11h 08m
May 31, 2014	6:30 AM	5:37 PM	11h 07m
Jun 1, 2014	6:31 AM	5:37 PM	11h 06m
Jun 2, 2014	6:31 AM	5:37 PM	11h 06m

Study the information and complete this activity:

1. The sunrise on May 27 was at 6.29 am.
2. The sunset on the same day was at 5.38 pm.
3. The length of day on June 2 was 11 hours 6 minutes.

STRAND 3	Social Organization and Processes.
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Cultural identity, diversity and cohesion.
TOPIC	Cultures in Fiji.

Questions

1. Fiji is a what type of country?
Fiji is a multicultural country.
2. Which different cultural groups of people live in Fiji?
Hindus, Muslims, I Taukei, Sikh, Chinese.
3. What do Muslim women wear as their traditional outfit?
Salwar kameez
4. What do Indian man wear as their traditional attire.?
Dhoti and kurta.
5. What do I taukeri women wear as their traditional outfit?
Sulu Jaba
6. What do Sikh man wear on their heads?
They wear a turban.
7. What is the traditional clothing for Chinese women called?
The clothing for Chinese women is called Ruqun or hanfu

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WEEKLY HOME STUDY PACKAGE #17

SUBJECT: HEALTHY LIVING

YEAR/ LEVEL: 3

Strand 4	Personal and Community Health.
Content learning outcome	Express and predict how individual behaviors can harm or help the environment.
Topic	Destroying Mosquitoes.

Questions

1. What do mosquitoes do?

Mosquitoes bite us and disturbs our sleep by buzzing around our ears.

Some carry germs and makes us sick. And the Black and white stripe mosquitoes spread dengue fever.

2. Draw and name some mosquito breeding places?



3. Where do mosquitoes lay their eggs?

Mosquitoes lay their eggs in still water.

4. What is dengue fever and what type of mosquitoes spread it?

It is a disease caused by mosquitoes and it causes sudden fever and acute pains in the joints.

5. How can you help to stop the spread of dengue fever?

By destroying their breeding places and by cleaning our surrounding properly.

We should burry tins and shells. Empty water in tires or anything that holds water for long. Mosquitoes live in water that collects in blocked drains, puddles, toilets, abandoned container, tins, coconut shells and dark corners of the building thus these areas should be thoroughly cleaned.