

STRAND	Writing and shaping
SUB – STRAND	Language , features and rules
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Explore and build on knowledge of grammar and vocabulary

Fill in the blanks with an appropriate word.

Plastic was first invented about a hundred years _____. It was used for _____ lot of things but at first it was not _____ strong and unfortunately it caught _____ very easily. This led to children being burnt in accidents with their toys.

Scientist kept on improving plastic but it _____ only be used for making a great number of objects for about thirty years. Plastic can be made _____ coal or wood but most _____ the plastic used today comes _____ oil.

One reason plastic is so popular is that it is easy to shape. At first it is in _____ form of hot liquid. The liquid plastic can be _____ into moulds of any shape; when it cools and _____ it hardens it keeps the shape _____ the mould. Hundreds of plastic objects can be made from the same mould and _____ will all be exactly alike.

Pairs- Circle the correct answer.

- “Chris is a _____ boy” said Mrs Langton . “ He never wants to do his homework.”
A. Tired B. Lazy
- “I feel very _____ after a long soccer match,” complained Manoa.
A. Lazy B. tired
- “I _____ your invitation thank you Tevita,” said Mrs Miasu.
A. Accept B. expect
- “I did not _____ you to come, Lalita,” said Tevita.
A. Accept B.expect
- The prisoner who escaped from the _____ in Apia was soon caught by the police.
A. Goal B. gaol
- “I think most Pacific _____ are good at fishing,” Mr Samuel told his class.
A. Islands B. Islanders

VOCABULARY EXERCISE

Choose one word from the list for each blank space.

fatal	interpreter	ridiculous	imaginary	astronaut
maximum	survive	risk	preserve	energy

1. An _____ is a space ship pilot.
2. The teacher asked the class to write an _____ essay about a journey to moon.
3. The Prime Minister of Russia told his _____ to ask the President of America if he liked Vodka.
4. “You are taking a big _____, Tina” said Shobna. Tina wanted to go to town alone.
5. “Mr Prasad has so much _____,” said Illaisa. “He walks twice as fast as I do.
6. In a _____ motor cycle accident, a young man was killed when it collided with a bus.
7. “It’s good to _____ our traditional ways,” said the Minister for Culture.
8. The _____ number of people the boat could carry is 200.
9. “What a _____ thing to say!” exclaimed Sreana when Rosi told her she would win the next Miss South Pacific contest.
10. Aca was lucky to _____ when his punt sank two miles from his island.

Vocabulary for the week: passenger appointment vegetables noticeable

contagious honourable demonstrate encouragement descendant

Performance trophies

1075 LOVU SANGAM SCHOOL
ASSESSMENT TWO – YEAR 6

ENGLISH

MARKS: 30

NAME: _____

SECTION A

COMPREHENSION PASSAGE

(5M)

Read the passage carefully and circle the correct answer.

Heat Conduction and Insulation

Have you ever boiled water? Almost as if by magic, applying enough heat from the stove burner causes the water to boil and ultimately change state from a liquid to steam, the gaseous state of water. The stove derives its heat energy from natural gas or electricity while microwave cooking relies on electromagnetic energy to change the state of food. Water boils because heat energy was transferred from the heat source to the water. When sufficient heat energy transfers from one substance to another, it causes changes in the state of matter. The three classical states of matter are solid, liquid and gas.

Conduction is the passage of energy through something. Heat energy always moves from substances with high heat energy to those of lower heat energy; the laws of physics state that heat transfers from warmer matter to cooler matter. If you think about it, these laws of physics explain why your skin burns when you touch a hot pan on the stove or dish that's just come out of the oven.

Metals are good conductors of heat which is why metal pots are used extensively for cooking on the stove. Of course, metal cookware is not suitable for microwave cooking. Ceramics are also good conductors of heat, which explains why early civilizations made their cookware from fired clay which creates a type of ceramic material. Conversely, ceramic floor tiles are ideal for flooring in warm climates. Heat flows from warm human feet to the cool tile; the transfer of heat out of the body makes a person feel cooler.

Insulation prevents or reduces the conduction of heat. A wonderful example of insulation is a polar bear's fur. A polar bear has two layers of fur. The dense inner layer which preserves body heat lies next to the bear's black-skin. The dark skin naturally absorbs rays from the sun, adding to the bear's warmth. The outer layer of fur, called guard hairs, consists of hollow hairs that are essentially filled with air. Since air is a poor conductor of heat, the guard hairs also help to keep the polar bear warm. Humans utilize the insulating property of air when they dress in layers during cold weather.

1. Which of the following is a state of matter?

A. Liquid

B. Heat

C. Insulation

D. Classical state

2. Heat energy

A. Moves in both directions

B. Moves from low energy to high energy

C. Moves from high energy to low energy

D. Maintains equilibrium

3. Ceramic floor tiles are an example of

A. Insulation

B. Conduction

C. Change in state

D. Convection

4. Which of the following is a good conductor of heat?

- A. Wood
- B. Air
- C. Rubber
- D. Metal

5. Dressing in layers of clothing in cold weather is an example of

- A. Insulation
- B. Conduction
- C. Change in state
- D. All of the above

SECTION B **GRAMMAR** **(5M)**

1. Which word is not spelt correctly?

- A. fierce
- B. hurricane
- C. tomorrow
- D. suddenly

2. Choose the correct pair of synonyms below.

- A. knew, new
- B. than, then
- C. good, bad
- D. complete, finish

3. Mere can't swim and _____ can Nina.

- A. neither
- B. or
- C. nor
- D. either

4. Choose the word that means the same as the word in bold print.

"It's impolite to talk while I'm talking, Achari," said Miss Velu.

- A. nice
- B. rude
- C. humble
- D. funny

5. _____ he had bad toothache, my father went to work.

- A. Because
- B. But
- C. If
- D. Although

SECTION C **FILL IN THE BLANKS** **(5M)**

Leprosy used to be the one disease most feared by man. Anybody with the disease _____ sent away to live with other lepers. In Fiji, _____ example, people who contracted the disease were _____ to live _____ an island called Makongai. It is frightening disease because it causes parts of people's _____ to rot and after many years they may die. For a long _____ there was no _____ for the disease. Because it is contagious, meaning you can catch it _____ touching a leper, people were frightened of it. Now, however there are ways of curing leprosy and people with the disease are not _____ to lonely places. Fiji patients are in a very pleasant hospital, in a suburb _____ Tamavua, overlooking the sea.

SECTION D**LETTER WRITING****(10M)**

Your name is Lai if you are a boy or Sera if you are a girl. Complete this letter to your friend Clayton, by adding the most appropriate word in the blank space.

your	Clayton	to	for	friend	on
Lai	accept	Sera	would	and	from

Balata Primary School

Bua Island

26th October, 2021

Dear _____

Hello there! Hope all is well. I would like _____ inform you about the upcoming event in my community. We are planning on having a family fun day to raise money _____ our community park.

I _____ like to invite you and your family to come and take part in this event. We hope to hold the fun day _____ 27th November this year. If possible invite _____ friends and their family as well. There will be competitive sports _____ other forms of entertainment.

I hope you will be able to _____ this invitation and I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Your _____

_____.

SECTION E**POETRY****(5M)**

Brown and furry

Caterpillar in a hurry

Take your walk

To the shady leaf or stalk

Or what not

Which may be the chosen spot

Hovering bird of prey pass by

You spin and die

To live again as butterfly

By: Christina Rossetti

1. Who is the poet?(1m)

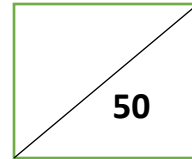
2. Write two pairs of words that rhyme. (2M)

3. What would be the best title of the poem and why? (2m)

NAME: _____

YEAR: 6

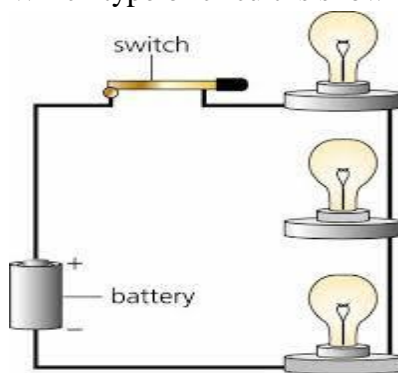
MARKS:



SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE (10MARKS)

Circle the best option.

1. The _____ part of the ear evens out the ear pressure.
A. cochlea B. pinna C. ear drum D. Eustachian tube
2. Which equipment is used to mix solution while carrying out experiment?
A. Compass B. Thermometer C. Tripod stand D. Beaker
3. Which process involves solid changing into liquid?
A. Evaporation B. Freezing C. Condensation D. Melting
4. Name an instrument used to show the direction on the map?
A. Key B. scale C. title D. compass
5. _____ is where 2 bones meet or come together.
A. Joint B. Sprain C. ligaments D. Tendons
6. An example of physical environment is _____.
A. School B. bridge C. Hill D. Road
7. Which type of circuit is shown below?



- A. Simple circuit B. Series circuit C. Open circuit D. Parallel circuit
8. The money which you spend from your income is known as _____.
A. Expenses B. Savings C. income D. wages
 9. What is placed on the eyelids to prevent puffiness?
A. Apples B. cucumber C. beans D. pumpkin

10. Which is an example of wants?

- A. Clothes B. Shelter C. food D. watches

SECTION B: TRUE/FALSE

1. Heart is part of the circulatory system. _____
2. We should always take a friend with me when I go to places or play outside. _____
3. Village headman is responsible for development and decision making in the village. _____
4. An example of a non- renewable energy is solar. _____
5. Mammals are warm blooded and have hair/fur. _____

SECTION C: FILLERS

1. _____ are chemical substances made by special glands.
2. Fiji was ceded to Great Britain on _____.
3. Producing new plants by methods which humans have invented _____ propagation.
4. _____ breeze is also known as land breeze.
5. _____ is the first social group.

Hormones

10th October 1870

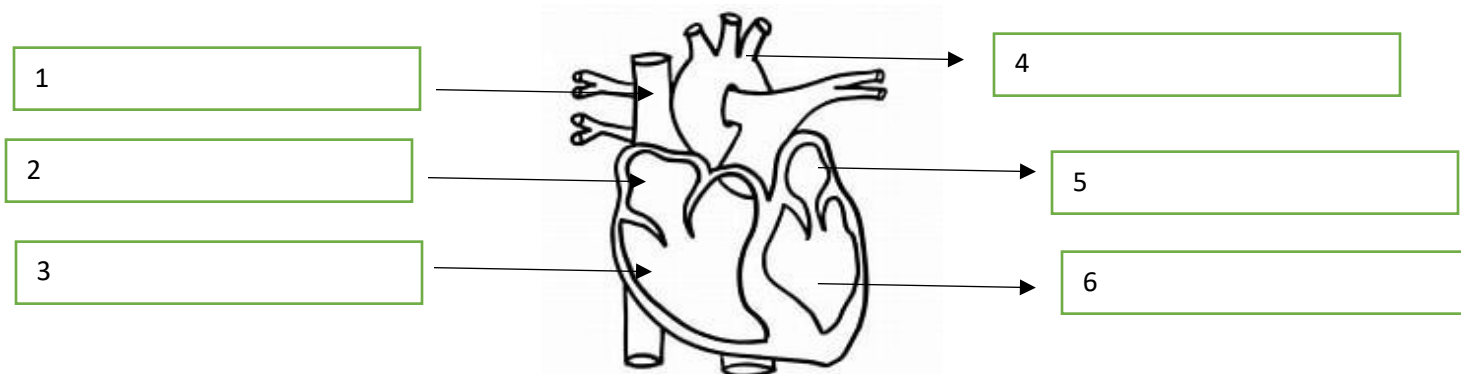
artificial

night

family

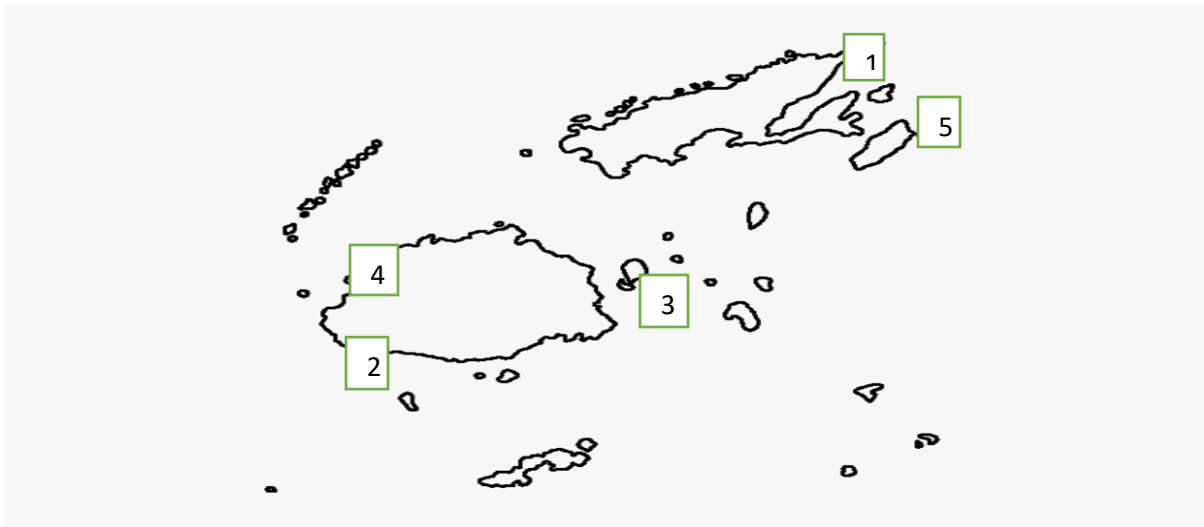
SECTION D: LABELLING (10MARKS)

Label the diagram correctly. (3 MARKS)



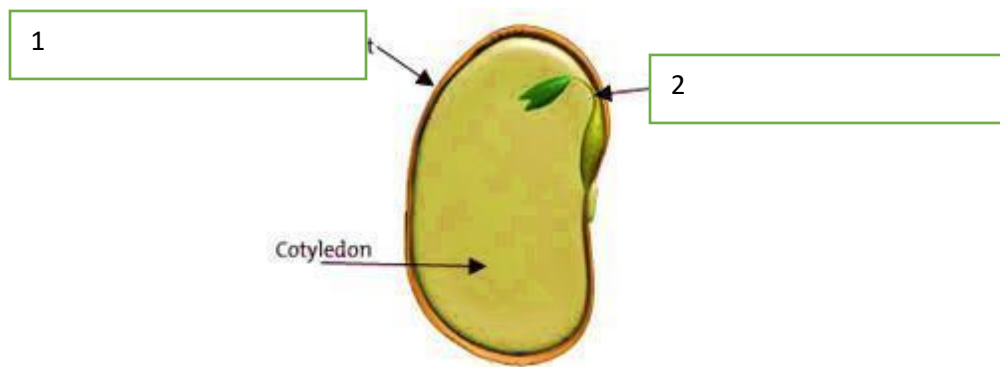
Mapping (5marks)

Identify and write the places using the map



1. A Bay. _____
2. Salad bowl of Fiji. _____
3. Old capital of Fiji. _____
4. International airport. _____
5. Tagimoucia flower. _____

Label the parts of the seed. (2marks)

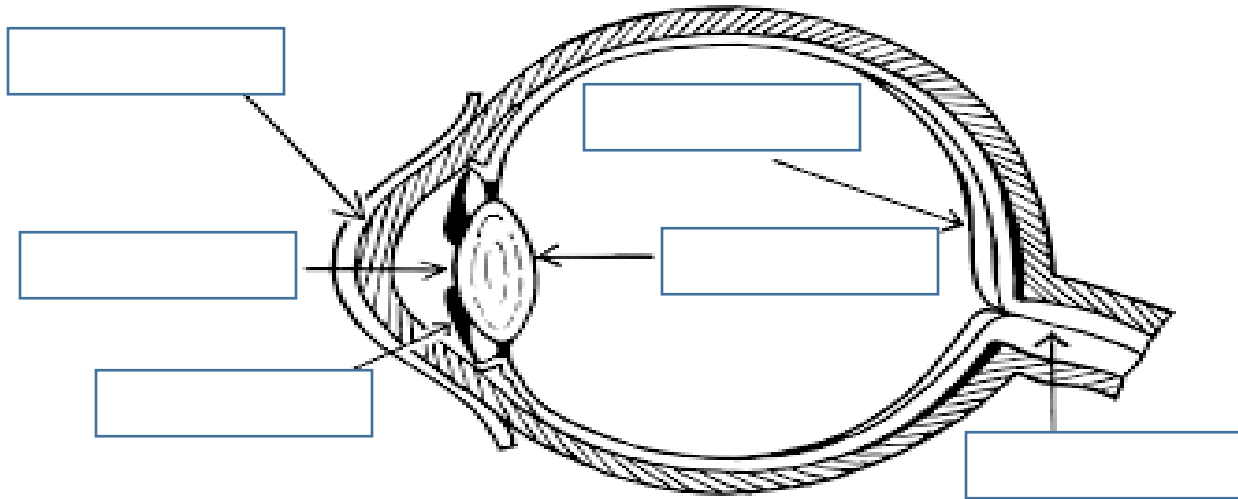


STRAND	Personal and Community Hygiene
SUB – STRAND	Personal Hygiene and Sanitation
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Recognize the different parts of the eye and outline the ways of caring for them.

Parts of the Eye

Label the parts of the Eye.

Pupil	cornea	lens	retina	Optic nerve
-------	--------	------	--------	-------------



Fill in the blanks

Iris	Lens	Aqueous	cornea	Optic nerve
------	------	---------	--------	-------------

1. _____ transmit message from eye to the brain.
2. _____ is the outer covering of the eye.
3. _____ is the watery substance that fills the eye that removes any build up in the eye.
4. _____ sits directly behind the pupil.
5. _____ area of the eye that contains the pigment which gives the eye its color.

Short answer questions

1. What is the function of the eye?

2. Name the food good for the eyes.

3. List two ways in which you can take care of your eyes.

4. What can happen to your eyes if you use computer for a very long time?

1075 LOVU SANGAM SCHOOL
LESSON NOTES AND ACTIVITIES

SUBJECT: HINDI

YEAR 6

WORKSHEET #14

STRAND	पढ़ना एवं सर्वेक्षण करना, लिखना और निर्माण करना, संस्कृति
SUB STRAND	भाषा अधिगम प्रक्रियाएँ और युक्तिय, शिष्टाचार, रिवाज, परम्पराओं, जातिय- गणित, जातिय विज्ञान, पौद्योगी की तथा पर्यावरण मुद्दा
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	परीचित विषयों पर छोटे औपचारिक ग्रंथों को निर्मित करने में औपचारिक लेखन शैलियों के उपयुक्त प्रक्रियाओंका प्रयोग करना ।

भाग १: पुस्तक- शाश्वत ज्ञान - पाठ १४ शिष्टाचार

इस पाठ को ध्यान से पढ़िए ।

सही जवाब के बगल वाले अक्षर को घेरो ।

१. क. शिष्टाचार का मतलब है अच्छा आचार ।

ख. शिष्टाचार का मतलब है अच्छा व्यवहार ।

ग. शिष्टाचार का मतलब है अच्छा अर्थ ।

२.क. विनम्रता सिर्फ बोली में होनी चाहिए ।

ख. विनम्रता सिर्फ व्यवहार में होनी चाहिए ।

ग. विनम्रता व्यवहार और बोली दोनों में होनी चाहिए ।

३.क. हमें हमेशा अपने से छोटों के प्रति स्नेह का भाव दिखाना चाहिए ।

ख. हमें हमेशा अपने से छोटों के प्रति दुश्मनी का भाव दिखाना चाहिए ।

ग. हमें हमेशा अपने से छोटों के प्रति घृणा का भाव दिखाना चाहिए ।

४.क. जब दो लोग आपस में बातें करते हों तो हमें बीच में बोलना चाहिए ।

ख. जब दो लोग आपस में बातें करते हों तो हमें बीच में नहीं बोलना चाहिए ।

ग. जब दो लोग आपस में बातें करते हों तो हमें ध्यान से सुनना चाहिए ।

५.क. भोजन थोड़ा चबा कर खाना चाहिए ।

ख. भोजन जल्दी- जल्दी करना चाहिए ।

ग. भोजन खूब चबा चबा कर धीरे धीरे करना चाहिए ।

भाग दो: रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए ।

१. शिष्टाचार का अर्थ है ।
२. शिष्टाचार के मुख्य नियम और दूसरों को देनी चाहिए ।
३. विनम्रता व्यवहार और दोनों में होनी चाहिए ।
४. बूढ़े लोगों को और देनी चाहिए ।
५. दूसरों के बातों में देना अशिष्टता है ।
६. बिना कारण किसी का और पूछना अशिष्टता है ।
७. दूसरों की चिट्ठी पढ़ना आदत है ।
८. बिना पूछे दूसरों के कमरे या दफ्तर में घुसना चाहिए ।
९. बिना हाथ भोजन करना बुरी आदत है ।
१०. बस में बैठते समय करना भी अशिष्टता है ।

भाग तीन: इन वाक्यों को पूरा करो ।

१. मेरी माँ
२. कल शाम को
३. आज मैं घर पर हूँ क्योंकि
४. दूसरों की

1075 LOVU SANGAM SCHOOL

ASSESSMENT 2- YEAR 6

HINDI

MARKS: 30

NAME: _____

पहला भाग : नीचे दिए गए शब्दों से रिक्त स्थान को भरो । अंक : १०

से , को , में

१. अन्तअच्छी टीम की जीत हुई ।
२. तुम उन समाचार पत्रों पढ़ो जिस में ज्ञान वृद्धि हो सके ।
३. बच्चा अभी - अभी स्कूल आया है ।
४. उन भोजन दीजिए ।
५. वह रात की गाड़ी आया था ।
६. बच्चा सोमवार पाठशाला नहीं आया था ।
७. कल रात मुसलाधार वर्षा हुई थी ।
८. बच्चे मैदान खेलते हैं ।
९. आज शाम कुछ लोग मेरे घर आयेंगे ।
१०. मैं उन सभी जानता हूँ ।

दूसरा भाग : सही वर्तनी वाले शब्द को घेरो । अंक: ५

१. अनदर	अन्दर	आनदर	अण्दर
२. न्याय	नयाय	न्यय	न्यया
३. जनम	जन्म	जान्म	जण्म
४. आमीर	अमिर	आमिर	अमीर
५. मुश्किल	मुशकिल	मुश्किल	मूश्किल

तीसरा भाग: - इन शब्दों के लिए समान अर्थ वाले शब्द लिखिए । दिए गए शब्दों में से सही जवाब चुन कर लिखिए । अंक - १०

१. उन्नति - -----	अध्यापक
२. शिक्षक - -----	प्रसिद्ध
३. परिश्रमी - -----	काम
४. मशहूर - -----	प्रगति
५. कार्य - -----	वायु यान
६. हवाईजहाज - -----	आरम्भ
७. शुरू - -----	मेहनती
८. लोकप्रिय - -----	पुत्र
९. बेटा - -----	शौक
१०. दिलचस्पी - -----	जानेमाने

चौथा भाग : इन वाक्यों को पूरा करो । अंक: ५

१. मैं रोज
२. मेरी माताजी
३. कल शाम को
४. अगर वर्षा हुई
५. बच्चे रास्ते पर

1075 LOVU SANGAM SCHOOL

YEAR 6

I-TAUKEI WHSP 14

Strand: Volavola kei na bulibuli

Sub-strand: Wilivola, buli yatuvoa kei na vola itukutuku

Content learning outcome:

Wilika ka vulica na veika vaka-Viti me baleta na sua vai. Vola vakadodonu na vosa kei na yatuvoa e gadrevi.

Na sua vai

Na veivosa me nanumi

1.Yavirau

Na mataqali qoli ka dau vakayagataki kina na draunikau (yavi – dre , rau – draunikau).

2. Sua vai

Na qoli ka dau vakayagataki kina na moto me laucoka se lausua kina na vai.

3. Bulubulu

- Vunitaki koya na vai e na nuku (bulu – ubi e na qele me kua ni laurai).
- I valavala vakavanua ni veivakamautaki ni yaco e dua na veisei se veivala; i soro.

4. Voto

Na ka gagata e dau vei lauti.

5. Rara (na)

Na tiki ni vai ka vaka toka me nona i vukavuka.

6. Varovaro

Vaka na yame ni i varo.

7. Taveru

Seva; lako cala.

8. Cigomi

Tauri e na yalo e vinakata ka taleitaka.

9. Vatonaka

Na masu ni vanua me vaka e dau cakava ko matanivanua ka kacivi ni kamunaga, yaqona, i-yau se magiti.

Na i vosavosa vaka-Viti

1. Tobo ika e na vanua mamaca - rawata na ka sa tu rawa.
2. Lega na gio – voroleqa e dua sa qai laurai na nona kaukauwa.
3. Siri na saku – totolo se cawi.
4. Sega na ika ka laukana kina na balei – sega na ka e laukana ka sa mani laukana kina na ka e sega ni dau laukana.
5. Toka mai ka sala yani na qau liga – wele tiko ka qai vakasagai yani ka mani yaco kina na leqa se tagi.
6. Siga ca reki na vai da – marau ni tiko o kaya o dau taleitaka se ko kaya o dau domona lo tiko.
7. Sa i doko na karikari – sa vakayagataki na ka e sega ni dau vakayagataki.

Cakacaka Lavaki

Vosa veibasai

Vuaira	Lecavi	Otioti
Tasoro	Qarauni	Bobo Nunu

1. Rai - _____.
2. Tokalau Cevaceva - _____.
3. Vakawaletaki - _____.
4. Taveri - _____.
5. Kilai - _____.
6. Matai - _____.
7. Lamata - _____.

Vakaotia na yatuvosa toqai toka e ra.

8. Au a raica e dua na vai _____.
9. Meda kakua ni dau benuca _____.
10. Sa duatani na marau nei Koli ni _____.
11. Na vai e dau _____.

1075 LOVU SANGAM SCHOOL

YEAR 6

I-TAUKEI ASSESSMENT 2 WK 15

Mark: /30

Multiple Choice (10 mks)

1. E tovo vinaka na _____.
A. vosaca B. talairawarawa C. veivacu D. lasulasu
2. Ni dua na ka e tatakelokelo e na _____.
A. dodonu B. kaukauwa C. dada D. veiveveyaki
3. E dau _____ na tina ni toa.
A. veitoki B. veikati C. veikana D. veisaba
4. Ni da _____ e da kidacala se kurabui ka lako vata na rere.
A. marau B. matalau C. kidroa D. manamana
5. Na _____ e dua na qito makawa vaka-Viti.
A. danisi B. rakavi C. veilavi D. veitau qalo
6. Ko ira na gonedau e ra dau matai na _____.
A. kana/moce B. soko/qoli C. danisi/meke D. veivala
7. E dau roka _____ na maqo dreu.
A. karakarawa B. loaloa C. vulavula D. dromodromo
8. Na yanuyanuku ko _____ e wili e na Yatu Lau.
A. Lakeba B. Vio C. Taveuni D. Waya
9. Na _____ e dau sagi.
A. dalo B. kumala C. rourou D. maqo
10. Meda dau _____ na qani tavaya kei na tini makawa.
A. vakama B. buluta C. viritaka D. maroroya

Vosa Veibasai (5 mks)

qoroi	tawase	veiyawaki
tudei		vakavodoka

1. Veivolekati - _____.
2. Tabu laca - _____.
3. Beci - _____.
4. Cokovata - _____.
5. Talaca - _____.

Vosa Tautauvata (5 mks)

Vakasamataka	Sosoga
Vauca Rika	Rorova

1. Volekata - _____.
2. Lade - _____.
3. Vakananuma - _____.
4. Vesuka - _____.
5. Ciqimaka - _____.

Saumi taro (10 mks)

1. Ko na rawa ni vukei ira vakacava na yada e na loma ni nomu itikotiko?

_____.

2. E da na rawa ni taqomaka vakacava na noda iyau bula?

_____.

3. Vakamacataka mai na yaga ni tiko savasava kei na tiko bulabula?

_____.

4. E rawa ni vakacacana vakacava na nomu bula na waigaga?

_____.

5. Na cava na i matai ni ka o na volia vei na kei ta ena gauna ko sa na cakacaka kina?

_____.

1075 LOVU SANGAM SCHOOL
LESSON NOTES AND ACTIVITIES

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS
(revision)

YEAR: 6

WORKSHEET # 14

Name: _____

STRAND	Number and numerations
SUB- STRAND	Whole numbers and operations.
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Add and subtract six digits using place values. Show commutative and associative properties Multiply two to six digits by two digits.

Part A: Add these numbers to find their answers.

a. 525	b. 78, 691	c. 108, 452	d. 261, 345
+ 468	+ 25, 346	+ 670, 142	+ 891, 062
_____	_____	_____	_____

Part B: Work out the difference.

a. 678	b. 98, 765	c. 508, 348	d. 465, 651
- 359	- 17, 839	- 210, 251	- 105, 847
_____	_____	_____	_____

Part C: Commutative and Associative Laws

1. Commutative Law – we can swap numbers over and still get the same answer.
Eg. $2 + 3 = 3 + 2$
2. Associative Law- it doesn't matter how we group the numbers, (which one we calculate first) , the answer will be the same.
Eg. $(4 + 5) + 7 = 4 + (5 + 7)$

Write the missing numbers to make the equations true.

- | | |
|---|--|
| a. $3 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 9 + 3$ | c. $(9 + 7) + 4 = 9 + (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 4)$ |
| b. $5 + 8 = 8 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ | d. $19 + (5 + 3) = (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 5) + 3$ |
| e. $5 \times 7 = 7 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ | f. $(6 \times 3) \times 2 = 6 \times (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$ |

Part D: multiply these numbers.

a. 163	b. 62, 450	c. 354, 016	d. 413
<u>X 24</u>	<u>x 45</u>	<u>x 12</u>	<u>x 52</u>
.....
<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>	<u>.....</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____

Word problems

1. Mr . Prasad collected 2236 eggs on Monday, 1996 on Tuesday and 2720 eggs on Wednesday. How many eggs did he collect altogether in the three days?
2. The daily amount of money earned by a shopkeeper in a week was as follows:
\$124.35 , \$78.20 , \$120.25, \$92.30 and \$237.55. what was the week's total earning?
3. Marika wanted to buy a tractor which cost \$6 374.00. He had \$3 562.00. How much more money would he need to buy the tractor?
4. Mr. Singh had \$728.38. He wanted to buy two pairs of bullocks which cost \$1, 226. 00. How much more money does he need ?

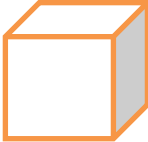

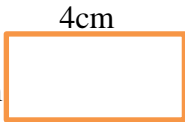
1075 LOVU SANGAM SCHOOL
ASSESSMENT TWO – YEAR 6
MATHEMATICS

MARKS: 30

NAME: _____

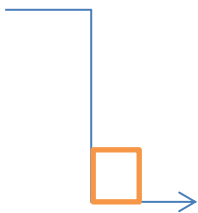

SECTION A: Multiple choice. (10 marks)

Circle the **letter** of the best answer. Each question is worth 1 mark

NO	QUESTION	NO	QUESTION
1.	14 564 rounded off to the nearest 100 is A. 14 500 C. 14 600 B. 14 560 D. 15 500	6.	Find the sum of: $2.35 + 10.5 + 1.02$ A. 12.37 B. 12.38 C. 13.87 D. 20.38
2.	Which number does not belong to the number pattern in Set Z? $Z = \{ \dots 13, 18, 23, \dots \}$ A. 28 C. 37 B. 33 D. 43	7.	How many edges does the cube have?  A. 4 B. 12 C. 8 D. 10
3.	How many possible outcomes are there when a coin is tossed? A. 4 B. 1 C. 2 D. 3	8.	A blue and a red dice were placed in a box. The chances of drawing out the blue dice is A. 40% C. 50% B. 10% D. 100%
4.	The shape below is a  A. Cube C. cone B. Cylinder D. Sphere	9.	Use the diagram to answer Question 9 .  The length of side A is _____. A. 4cm C. 2cm B. 6cm D. 12cm
5.	How many centimetres are there in a metre? A. 1000 B. 100 C. 20 D. 10	10.	The number 3, 020 when written in words is _____ A. three hundred and twenty B. three thousand and twenty. C. three thousand two hundred D. thirty thousand and twenty



Section B: Read the instructions for each question carefully before answering them. Write the answers in the answer column.

Questions 1 to 6 – 1 mark each

NO.	QUESTION	WORKING	ANSWER
	USE <, > or = to make the statement true for parts 1, 2, and 3.		
1.	1607 _____ 16 tens + 7 ones		_____
2.	$7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7$ _____ 7×6		_____
3.	60 minutes _____ 2 hours		_____
	Solve and write your answer in the answer column for questions 4 to 6		
4.	Name the angle shown below. 		_____
5.	1000 millilitres = _____ litres		_____
6.	A regular hexagon has _____ lines of symmetry. 		_____

QUESTIONS 7 TO 13 – 2 MARKS EACH (14 MARKS)

7.	If 412 shells were divided equally amongst 4 boys, how many shells would each boy get?		_____
8.	Calculate a. $3.1 + 3.1 + 3.1 =$ _____ b. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} =$ _____		a. _____ b. _____

9.	Find the perimeter of a rectangular fence with a length 8 metres and width 4 metres.		_____
10.	During a festival, the organisers collected 23 hundred dollar notes, 8 ten dollar notes and 1 five dollar note. a. What is the total amount of money collected from the hundred dollar notes? b. Find the total amount of money collected during the festival.		a. _____ b. _____
11.	Solve: a. $\frac{5}{8} \div \frac{1}{8} =$ b. $\begin{array}{r} \\ 4 \overline{) 2424} \end{array}$		a. _____ b. _____
12.	Find the area of the square below. 		_____
13.	John used ice block sticks to join the triangles as shown below.  a. How many sticks will he use to make another triangle? b. Represent John's activity with triangles in a number pattern by completing the sequence given below. 3, _____, 9, _____, 15		a. _____ b. _____ _____

THE END

STRAND	PLACE AND ENVIRONMENT
SUB – STRAND	Features of Places
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Recognize and apply effective mapping skills that demonstrate good understanding of map reading conventions.

NOTE: Refer to the notes to answer the questions.

Short Answers:

Use the map given below to answer the questions.

1. What is the distance from Mua village to Mana village?

2. How far from the shopping centre is Waitui Resort?

3. What is the distance between Waitui Resort and Waidroka Resort?

4. How far from Mua village is the shopping centre?

5. To walk from Mana village to Bilo village the distance is about _____ km.

6. The tourists from Waitui Resort also visit the highest peak on the island. How far do they have to travel to reach it?

7. Metui lives in Bilo village and works at the lighthouse. How far does he have to walk every morning?

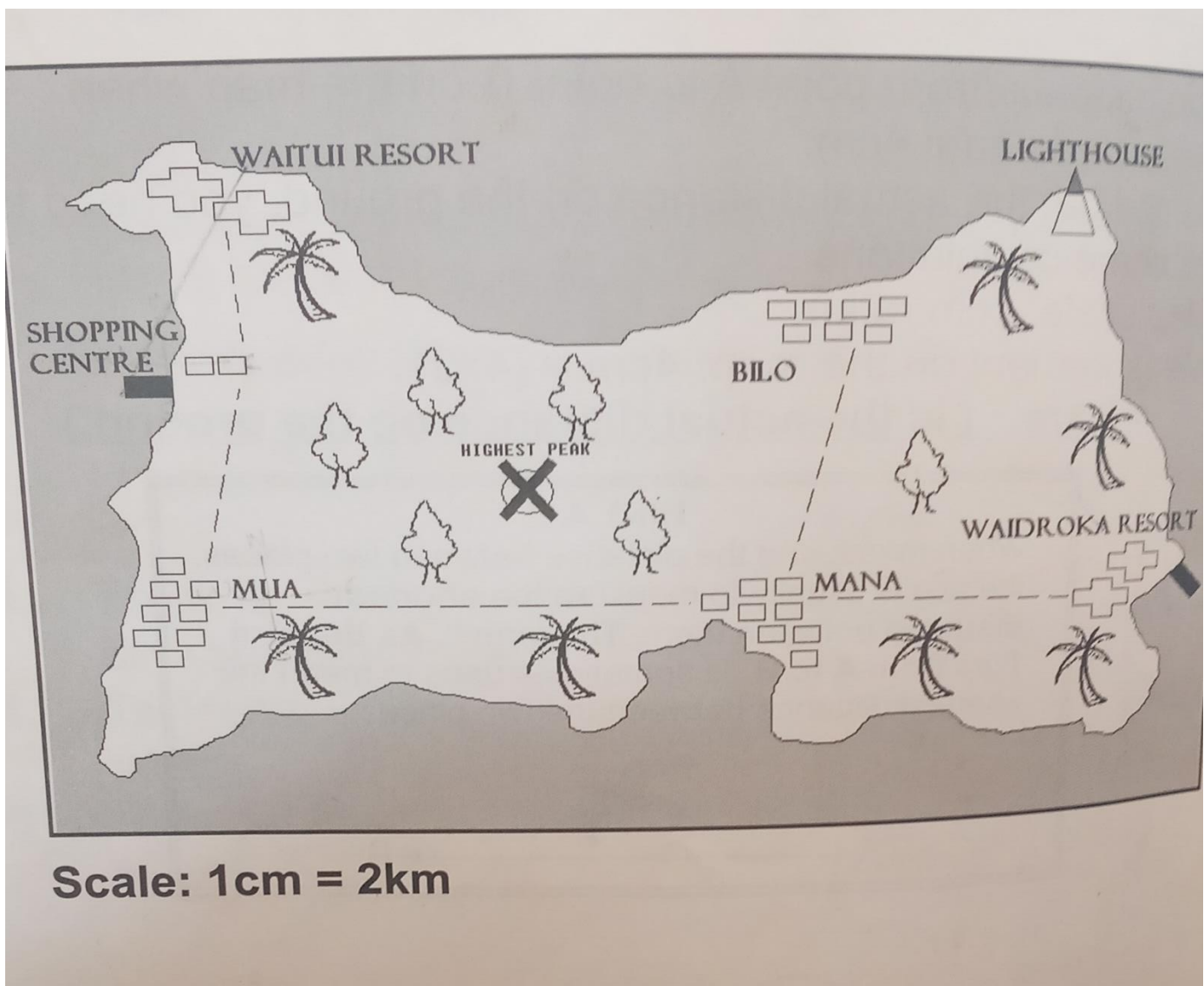
8. The children from Mua village attend school at Mana village as ady scholars. What is the distance they travel in a day?

9. Write the scale in words.

10. What is the distance between Bilo village and Highest Peak?

11. How will people in Mua village will earn a living?

12. In which direction is the shopping Centre from Highest Peak?



STRAND	Energy
SUB – STRAND	Energy source and transfer Energy transformation, use and conservation
CONTENT LEARNING OUTCOME	Investigate simple electrical devices to demonstrate how electrical energy is transferred and transformed such as light circuit, buzzer and electromagnet. Gather information about alternative forms of energy used in Fiji.

Note: Refer to the notes given to answer these questions.

TRUE/FALSE

1. Light travels in a straight line and bends when it reaches a different medium. _____
2. A periscope is an instrument to detect ships from under water. _____
3. Lenses that are thinner in the centre are called diverging lenses also known as concave lenses. _____
4. A conductive path which would allow for the movement of charges is a copper wire. _____
5. A closed circuit has a break in the pathway. _____

Fillers

In this circuit the components are _____ end to end so that current flows first through one, then the other and the other. In series connection the current goes through one lamp then the other. One disadvantage of this circuit is that if there is an open circuit, the entire _____ is broken and none of the components will work.

Parallel Circuit

One way is to connect the _____ side by side so that each bulb has its own circuit with the battery. The bulbs connected this way are called _____ circuit. One advantage of this parallel circuit is that, if one bulb gets bad the other one will _____.

Light

connected

circuit

bulb

parallel

Draw and label a series circuit

