

UCIWAI SANGAM SCHOOL
SUPPLEMENTARY WORKSHEET

YEAR : 6

SUBJECT : ENGLISH SOLUTIONS

Activity:

Write the sentences below in your books, punctuating them with commas.

- 1 Mrs Delana the class 6 teacher is a kind woman.

Mrs. Delana, the class 6 teacher is a kind woman.

2. I love my kindergarten teacher Mrs. Pillay.

I love my kindergarten teacher, Mrs. Pillay

3. David went on the hike with a map a pocket knife a compass a water bottle and a first aid kit.

David went on the hike with a map, a pocket knife, a compass, a water bottle and a first aid kit

4. Sheryl cleaned the washing machine and found a dollar coin a safety pin and a marble.

Sheryl cleaned the washing machine and found a dollar coin, a safety pin and a marble.

5. Tom's jacket was shabby dirty torn and smelly.

Tom's jacket was shabby, dirty, torn and smelly.

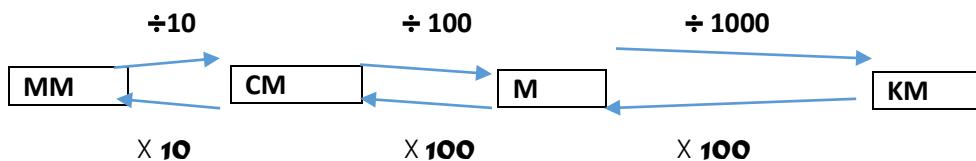
6. Mum's toe was swollen purple and painful.

Mum's toe was swollen, purple and painful.

UCIWAI SANGAM SCHOOL
SUPPLEMENTARY WORKSHEET

YEAR : 6**SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS**

Solutions Use the formula given below to convert the units

CONVERTING MEASUREMENTS**ACTIVITY**

1. Use your measurement facts to convert these measurements to different units.

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| a. 3 cm = <u>30</u> mm | d. 10cm = <u>100</u> mm |
| b. 7 m = <u>700</u> cm | e. 4 000 m = <u>4</u> km |
| c. 5 km = <u>5000</u> m | f. 70 mm = <u>7</u> cm |

2. Order these units of lengths from shortest to longest. **Change all to common unit**

a) 19cm 9m (**900CM**) 250mm (**25CM**) 20cm

19cm 20 cm 250 mm 9m

b) 3m (**300cm**) 290cm 310 cm 2950mm (**295cm**)

290 cm 2950 mm 3m 310 cm

c) 4 000mm (**400cm**) 401 cm 350cm 4 000cm

350 cm 4000mm 401 cm 4000 cm

UCIWAI SANGAM SCHOOL
SUPPLEMENTARY WORKSHEET

SOLUTIONS

YEAR : 6

SUBJECT : ELEMENTARY SCIENCE

Activity 1: Classify each object in the list below under each correct heading in the table.

Water, stone, table, juice, smoke, coconut oil, steam, biscuit, ice, oxygen

Solid	Liquid	Gas
Stone	water	smoke
Table	juice	steam
Biscuit	Coconut oil	oxygen
ice		

Activity 2

1. What is matter? Explain in your own words.

Matter is anything that has weight and occupies space in form of solid liquid and gas.

2. Name the states of matter.

Solid, liquid and gas

3. Where can you see matter?

We can see matter all around us

4. Write two properties of solids.

A solid has fixed shape and it can be seen and felt. Solids occupy space

(Explanations for the answers may vary)

UCIWAI SANGAM SCHOOL

SUPPLEMENTARY WORKSHEET 2 SOLUTION

YEAR : 6

SUBJECT : HEALTHY LIVING

SOLUTION

1. What safe activities can you think of that you can do when looking after your small brother or sister at your home?

Keep the brother or sister away from dangerous places and always pay attention to them. (answers may vary)

2. Identify some household cleaning chemicals that you can use to clean your homes with.

Janola, tide, axion, disinfectants, etc. (upon markers understanding)

3. Which of the household work that you do is the hardest for you, why is that?

Washing dishes , cutting grass, raking , cutting firewood etc (work and explanation may vary)

- 4 .Read the passage below and use the words in the box to correctly complete the sentences.

Follow	don't	advise	not	under
--------	-------	--------	-----	-------

We must follow the safety rules at home so that we don't get hurt. We must seek advise from our parents if we are handling things near a fire. We must help our younger brothers and sisters not to play near or under tall trees. Always go with a trusted Adult when going to the supermarket or the market.

5. What will you do if you identify any hazard area in your classroom?

Tell the Teacher. Stay away from the hazard area . Inform other students not to go near the hazard area

6. Identify a risky place at your home.

Tool room or Bulk

Kitchen

Steps etc.

UCIWAI SANGAM SCHOOL
SUPPLEMENTARY WORKSHEET-SOLUTIONS

YEAR : 6

SUBJECT : HINDI SOLUTION

क. इनके विपरीत अर्थ वाले शब्द लिखो :

जैसे - बड़ा - छोटा

१. सुबह - शाम

२. खाली - भरी

३. अन्दर - बाहर

४. सवाल - जवाब

ख. रेखांकित शब्दों की जगह पर पर्यावाची शब्द लिखो ।

उदाहरण: रोशन मुस्कुराते हुए खिड़की के पास आया । (सामने)

१. अंशु कमरे के अन्दर कसरत करता है । (भीतर)

२. चिड़िया पेड़ के ऊपर बैठी है । (वृक्ष)

३. पिताजी घर के बाहर खड़े हैं । (मकान)

४. राहुल उदास है । (दुखी)

ग. भाषा - 'ने' और 'से' का प्रयोग ।

१. सीमा ---ने---- भी चालाकी ---से---- काम लिया ।

२. देव ----ने---- मोहन ----से--- पूछा ।

३. अध्यापक जी -----ने----- बच्चों -----से----- कबीर के विषय में चर्चा की ।

४. माँ -----ने----- बच्चों को बड़े प्यार -----से----- पाला ।

५. नीरू -----ने----- लपक कर बड़े प्रेम ---से----- बालक को उठा लिया ।

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CAKACAKA LAVAKI KALASI 6 –I sau ni taro

Wilika na itukutuku ka koto oqori era ka qai sauma na kena taro. Wirina na matanivola ko sa digitaka.

E dua na vula I mamaca balavu a vakavuna na macamaca ni veitobu wai ena dua na yanuyanu. Sa duatani na nodra karamaca na kena I taukei.

E na dua na bogi a qai yaco e dua na ka veivakurabuitaki. Ni davo koto e na nona lomanivale e dua na marama, a qai kidacula ni sa kadruvi yani na yavana. E na rarama ni nona cina, a raica rawa ni dua na lairo ko ya.

A taviraka yani ki tuba ka mai davo tale koto. Sega ni dede, sa baci kadruvi koya tale yani. A tucake tale na marama oqo ka taviraka yani ki tautuba. Ia, ni baci kadruvi koya tale yani sa sega ni taviraka tani.

Ni vakadikeva vinaka na lairo, a qai raica ni suasua vinaka ka savasava tale tu ga na yagona. Na veika e raica na marama oqo, e vakadeitaka vua ni cabe mai waidranu na lairo.

E yacovi koya na marama oqo e dua na marau levu. A taura na nona cina ka muri Ra Lairo ni sa quasi lesu yani ki tautuba. Na veimuri oqo, e rau siro kina baravi ka cabe ki na dua na delana lailai. E koto e kea e dua na qara ka solega tu na gusu ni qara na wabosucu. A curu ki loma ni qara na lairo ka muri koya yani na marama oqo.

E vaka e raica na kena vudi drew na marama oqo ni sa raica na tobu wai makare ka toka e loma ni qara. A tekiduru ka tabaka na gunu. Ni sa tucake ka vakadinadinataka na ka veivakurabuitaki oqo, a qai raica ni davo koto na lairo e na batni wai.

A vakatavitaviya na daku ni lairo na marama oqo, ka vakavinavinaka vua. A mai goole yani ki tautuba na lairo ka rau sega ni sota tale.

A qai vakaraitaka na marama oqo na veika a yaco. E **tara bewa** na nodra marau na itaukei ni yanuyanu ko ya e na veidusimaki veivakurabuitaki ni lairo.

I Vurevure ni Tukutuku: **NANUMA LESU- MINISTRY OF EDUCATION-1993**

1. Na cava e ra maca kina na veitobu?
 - A. Na di ni mati
 - B. Na tau bi ni uca
 - C. na liwa ni cagi
 - D. **na draki mamaca**

2. Ni dua e karamaca, e tukuni ni via _____.
A. **Gunu** C. lako
B. Kana D. moce
3. A qasi yani vakavica ki loma ni vale na lairo?
A. Dua C. **tolu**
B. Rua D. va
4. A tahiraki vakavica ki tautuba na lairo?
A. Dua C. **rua**
B. Tolu D. va
5. A cava a kidacula kina na marama oqo?
A. Na laukati ni yavana C. na nona karamaca
B. **Na kadruvi ni yavana** D. na nona moce yadrayadra
6. E kila vakacava na marama oqo ni cabe mai wai na lairo?
A. **Na suasua ni yagona** C. na soso ni yagona
B. Na lumisa ni yagona D. na mamaca ni qana
7. E vaka e raica na kena vudi drew. E kena ibalebale, _____.
A. Kamikamica na ka e raica.
B. **Raica e dua na ka e taleitaka.**
C. Via kana vudi drew.
D. Raica e dua na ka drew.
8. A cava e dramica kina na ligana na marama oqo ni tara oti na daku ni lairo?
A. **E via kila se wai cava e cabe mai kina.**
B. E via kila se vakalewe na lairo.
C. A katia na ligana na lairo
D. A katakata na ligana.
9. Ni da tekiduru, e da vakayagataka na _____.
A. Ligada C. uluda
B. Keteda D. **duruda**
10. A ka veivakurabuitaki cava a yaco e na bogi ko ya?
A. Na tau ni uca C. **na veidusimaki ni lairo**
B. Na suasua ni lairo D. na mamaca ni veitobu

UCIWAI SANGAM SCHOOL
SUPPLEMENTARY WORKSHEET

YEAR : 6

SUBJECT : SOCIAL STUDIES

SOLUTIONS

1. What is blackbirding ?

Blackbirding is the practice of kidnapping people and forcing them to work as labours, For Eg. In early days slaves were used to work on sugarcane plantations.

2. Explain the term Indentured Labour system.

Indentured Labour system is the system by which labourers were brought from India to work on sugarcane plantations as slaves.

3. In which year did the indentured labour system stop?

The indentured labour system stopped in 1920, in Fiji

4. Name the first ship in which the Indian labourers were brought to Fiji

Leonidas

5. Name all the sugar mills in Fiji.

Labasa Sugar Mill Lautoka Sugar Mill Rarawai Sugar Mill

6. What do you understand by the abbreviation FSC?

Fiji Sugar Corporation