

**1040 TAGITAGI SANGAM SCHOOL**

**MATHEMATICS**

**YEAR 4**

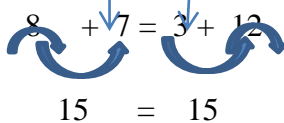
**Topic: Algebra**

**Sub- topic: Associative Property**

**Associative Property:**  
- is the rule that states that the grouping of numbers does not affect the outcome when adding or multiplying.

Eg.  $(3 + 5) + 7 = 3 + (5 + 7)$                        $(2 \times 3) \times 4 = 4 \times (3 \times 2)$   
       $8 + 7 = 3 + 12$                                        $6 \times 4 = 4 \times 6$   
       $15 = 15$      $24 = 24$

That is :  $(3 + 5) + 7 = 3 + (5 + 7)$



NOTE: If both the outcomes (answers) are same then the equation is equal (=).

And if outcomes are not equal:

Example

$2 + (3 + 1)$  \_\_\_\_\_  $(2 + 3) + 2$

$6 \neq 7$

Working needs to be done in order to answer the following questions

Write = or  $\neq$  for the given expressions.

a)	$(3 + 4) + 5$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$3 + (5 + 6)$
b)	$(9 + 5) + 6$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$9 + (5 + 6)$
c)	$13 + (42 + 90)$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$(13 + 24) + 90$
d)	$(3 \times 4) \times 2$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$3 \times (4 \times 2)$
e)	$(2 \times 2) \times 3$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$2 \times (3 \times 3)$
f)	$(4 \times 5) \times 2$	<input type="checkbox"/>	$4 \times (5 \times 3)$