

NADI SANGAM SCHOOL

WEEKLY HOME STUDY

PACKAGE # 8

YEAR 2



2021

1076 NADI SANGAM SCHOOL

ENGLISH

Weekly Home Study Package # 8

YEAR: 2

THEME: Natural Disaster

Read the passage given below

A natural disaster is an event that is caused by the natural forces of the Earth where great damage and sometimes, loss of life occurs. Natural disasters can take many forms such as earthquakes, tsunamis, floods, volcanic eruptions, land slides, wildfires, tornadoes, hurricanes and cyclones.

Earthquake – a sudden shaking of the ground that damages the houses , buildings etc

Flood – is an overflow of large amount of water during heavy rain.

Tsunami – is a giant Tidal Wave caused by earthquake and volcanic eruptions under the sea.

Hurricane – a tropical cyclone which has large rotating storms(waves) with high speed winds.

Tornadoes – is a narrow ,strong rotating column of air that expands from the base of a thunderstorm down to the ground.

Land slide – movement of mass of rock or earth (soil) down a slope.

Volcano – is an opening in the earths crust through which lava, volcanic ashes and gases escape.

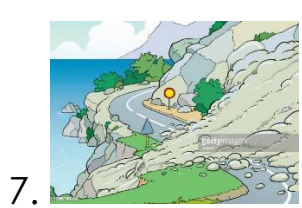
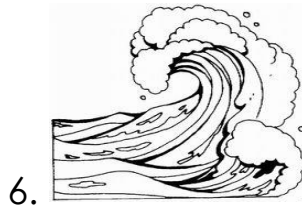
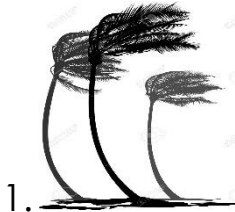
A. VOCABULARY: Learn these words

tsunami earthquake hurricane flood tornado

B. Write each word to the correct picture

Pick the words from the box

tsunami floods hurricane earthquake tornado
volcanic eruption wild fires landslide



C. Common and Proper Nouns

Underline the common nouns and Circle the proper nouns:

1. Susana will walk to school in the morning.
2. The storybook is on the table.
3. The All Blacks won the soccer game .
4. Nina went to town with her sister on Saturday.
5. My uncle bought a new Toyota car from Automart.

D. Write the Plural forms of the words given

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. dish - _____ | 2. rose - _____ |
| 3. bird - _____ | 4. mango - _____ |
| 5. fox - _____ | 6. potato - _____ |
| 7. leaf - _____ | 8. cyclone - _____ |
| 9. bench - _____ | 10. glass - _____ |

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GENERAL SUBJECTS

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A] Religious Celebrations

Fiji is a multicultural country where various religious festivals are celebrated. Religious festivals signify different lessons or incidents.

1. **Christians**

A] **Easter** – signifies the rising of Christ from the dead.

B] **Christmas** – is the celebration of Jesus Christ's birthday.

2. **Hindus**

A] **Diwali** – is the festival of lights. Signifies that good always wins over evil in the end.

B] **Ram Naumi** – signifies the birth of Lord Ram.

C] **Raksha Bandhan** – importance of a brother and sisters bond.

3. **Muslims [Islam]**

Eid – It marks the end of Ramadan – Fasting month. Spreads the message of peace around us.

4. **Sikh**

Baisakhi – important festival for the farmers as it is a celebration of a good harvest. Also marks the Sikh new year.

B] Safety

Write Yes or No

1. Go swimming alone. _____
2. Swim in shallow water. _____
3. Learn how to swim. _____
4. Sit on the edge of the boat. _____
5. Call for help when in trouble. _____

Swimming Accessories



Goggles



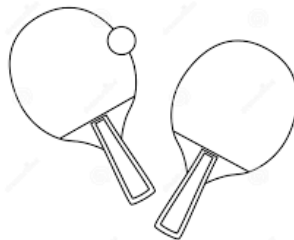
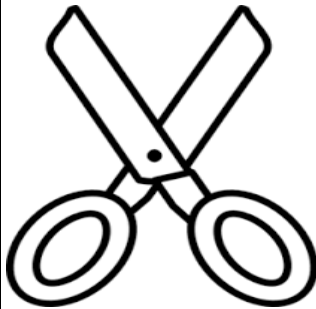
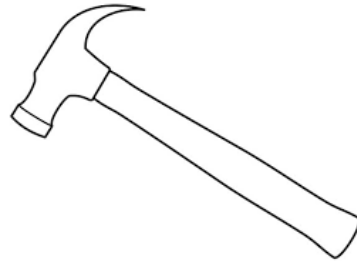
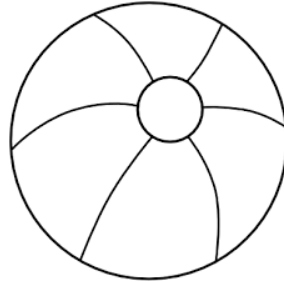
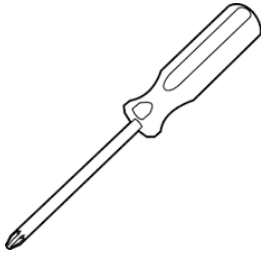
Towel



Swim wear

C] Safety While Working

Look at the pictures below. Circle the ones that are safe to play with and put a cross on the ones which are unsafe to play with.



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HINDI

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लालू और पीलू

गाँव में एक औरत रहती थी। उसके दो बच्चे थे। एक का नाम लालू था। दूसरे का नाम था पीलू।

लालू लाल चीज़ें खाता था। पीलू पीली चीज़ें खाता था। एक दिन लालू ने एक पौधे पर कुछ लाल लाल देखा।

देखते ही लालू के मुँह में पानी आ गया। उसने लपक कर उस लाल चीज़ को तोड़ा और चबाने लगा।

अरे!!!!

यह तो लाल मिर्च थी। लालू की जीभ जलने लगी और वह लगा रोने।

रोने की आवाज़ सुन कर माँ दौड़ती हुई आई। पीलू भी भागा।

पीलू पीले पीले गुड़ का टुकड़ा ले आया। लालू ने झट गुड़ खाया।

उसके मुँह की जलन ठीक हो गई। माँ ने लालू और पीलू को गले से लगा लिया।

अ] नए शब्द सीखो।

औरत गाँव बच्चे आवाज़ जीभ टुकड़ा

आ] सही जवाब को चुन कर उसके बगल वाले अक्षर को गोल करो।

१. औरत कहाँ रहती थी ?

क. शहर में ख. गाँव में

२. औरत के पास कितने बच्चे थे ?

क. एक ख. दो

३. कौन पीली चीज़ें खाता था ?

क. पीलू ख. लालू

४. लालू ने पौधे पर से क्या तोड़ कर खाया ?

क. आम ख. मिर्च

५. मिर्च _____ है ?

क. तीखी ख. मीठी

इ] इनके बहुवचन लिखो ।

१. पौधा -

२. बच्चा -

३. टुकड़ा -

ई] पढ़ो, चित्र बनाओ और रंग भरों ।



मिर्च - लाल



पपीता - हरा



कद्दू - नारंगी

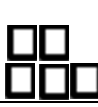
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Weekly Home Study Package Number 8

School: Nadi Sangam School
Subject: Mathematics

Year: 2

Strand	Numbers
Sub Strand	Operations
Content Learning Outcome	Work out the sum in word problems

Lesson Notes

Problem	Working	Answer								
Tina has 12 coconuts. Mum gave her 13 more. How many does she have altogether?	<table style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="border-right: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">T</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">O</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border-right: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border-right: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border-right: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">2</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">5</td> </tr> </table> 	T	O	1	2	1	3	2	5	25
T	O									
1	2									
1	3									
2	5									

Note: Altogether means to add, join or sum up.

Showing workings, solve the problems below:

	Problem	Working	Answer
a)	Tom has 23 green marbles and 15 blue marbles. How many marbles has he altogether?		
b)	Mary has 25 white goats and 14 black ones. How many goats does she have altogether?		
c)	Kim has 36 red bottle tops and 43 blue bottle tops. How many has he altogether?		
d)	Jody has 57 seeds. Jenny gave her 21 more. How many has she altogether?		