

**2034 NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL  
NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED SOLUTION  
WORKSHEET 9 -2021**

**Subject: English**

**Year: 8**

**Name: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Activity**

1. We used to prefer writing with a pencil but now we prefer writing with a pen.
2. These dogs used to belong to Mr. Simpson but now they belong to me.
3. The dairy farmer used to own a few cows but now he owns plenty.
4. Jone and Apenisa used to play a lot of rugby but now they play soccer/  
volleyball.
5. The big departmental store used to open at 8.30am but now it opens at  
9a.m/10am
6. Divakar used to be very talkative but now he is very quiet.
7. While Sakuisa was in New Zealand studying, he used to write a letter to his parents every month but now he calls them daily
8. Mr. Bale used to prefer to eat cassava but now he prefers to eat bread
9. My sisters used to play 'hop scotch' but now they watch TV
10. This cardboard box used to contain books but now its empty

**2034 NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL**  
**NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED SOLUTIONS**  
**WORKSHEET 9 -2021**

**Subject: Mathematics**

**Year: 8**

**Name: \_\_\_\_\_**

**ACTIVITY:**

1. Convert each of the following to the unit written beside the blank space.

a. 5 Kg =  $5\text{Kg} \times 1000 = 5000\text{g}$

b. 2500 g =  $\underline{2.5}$  Kg

c. 450 g =  $\underline{0.45}$  Kg

d. 1985 g =  $\underline{1.985}$  Kg

e. 3.4 Kg =  $\underline{3400}$  g

f. 75 Kg =  $\underline{75000}$  g

2. Calculate the following weights.

a.  $\frac{1}{4}$  of 16 Kg

=  $\frac{1}{4} \times 16$

=  $\underline{4\text{ kg}}$

b.  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 3 Kg

=  $\frac{2}{3} \times 3/1$

=  $\underline{2\text{kg}}$

c.  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 8 Kg

=  $\frac{3}{4} \times 8$

=  $\underline{24/4}$

=  $\underline{6\text{kg}}$

3. The weight of a car is 2500 Kg. If three cartons weighing 80Kg each was loaded into the car, then what would be the gross weight of the car?

=  $2500 + (80 \times 3)$

=  $2500 + 240$

=  $\underline{2740\text{ kg}}$

4. Five oranges weigh 1.5 Kg; 8 apples weigh 2 Kg. What would be total weight of 10 oranges and 4 apples in grams?

$$\frac{1.5\text{kg}}{5} = 0.3\text{kg} \quad \text{so } 10 \times 0.3\text{kg} = 3\text{kg oranges}$$

$$\frac{2\text{kg}}{8} = 0.25\text{ kg} \quad \text{so } 4 \times 0.25\text{kg} = 1\text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Total} = 4\text{kg}$$

5. A truck weighs 4500 Kg when loaded with boxes. If the truck is loaded with 10 cartons weighing 80 Kg each, what will be the weight of truck without boxes?

$$10 \text{ boxes} \times 80\text{kg} = 800\text{kg}$$

$$4500$$

$$\underline{-800}$$

$$\underline{3700\text{kg}}$$

**2034 NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL  
NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED SOLUTIONS  
WORKSHEET 9 -2021**

**Subject:** Healthy Living

**Year:** 8

**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**ACTIVITY: FILL IN THE BLANK SPACES**

- A. Being proactive about your situation and well-being by seeking comfort and support
- B. Re-establish routine. Do things that keep your mind occupied.
- C. Connect with others- be in contact with friends and family members during this tough time.
- D. Challenge your sense of helplessness. Trauma leaves you feeling powerless

1. Define the following terms:

- a. Trauma: a deeply distressing or disturbing experience
- b. Proactive: -means being prepared before hand
- c. Powerless: not having the power or authority to do something
- d. Victim: a person harmed, injured, or killed as a result of a crime, accident, or other event or action.

2. A person who experienced a traumatic event may be tempted to withdraw from social activities and avoid others. What advice would you give to him or her?

-encourage them

-Advise them about other important things in life

-tell them the importance of life

3. List down three of the activities which can help one to reduce stress?

-do things that interest you

-take a break

-take part in physical activities / sports

-go on a vacation

2034 NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL  
NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED SOLUTIONS  
WORKSHEET 9 -2021

Subject: Hindi

Year: 8

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

	पुल्लिंग	स्त्रीलिंग
1	लेखक	लेखिका
2	चूहा	चुहिया
3	छात्र	छात्रा
4	दादा	दादी
5	माली	मालिन
6	दास	दासी
7	शेर	शेरनी
8	घोड़ा	घोड़ी
9	धोबी	धोविन
10	आदमी	औरत
11	पति	पत्नी
12	मोर	मोरनी
13	हाथी	हथनी
14	बालक	बालिका
15	पड़ोसी	पड़ोसन

**2034 NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL  
NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED SOLUTIONS  
WORKSHEET 9 -2021**

**Subject: Social Science**

**Year: 8**

**Name: \_\_\_\_\_**

**ACTIVITY: Fill in the blank spaces with the correct response.**

- A. The protection and management of resources is known as conservation.
- B. We need to use our resources wisely so that we won't run out of supply.
- C. A big step towards becoming independent and in control of your life is the ability to manage your resources effectively.
- D. A resource is a source or supply from which benefit is produced.
- E. Examples of resources include land, water, underground, materials, human resources, technology, machinery, energy,

1. Name some resources in your community.

(Answers may vary) – land, sea, road, river, forest

2. How do you manage the resources you have mentioned above?

(Answers may vary) – Use them wisely

-protect them, avoid wastage, care for them

3. What is a natural resource?

-Are resources provided by nature. For example, sea, land river

4. Why do you have to manage your resources wisely?

So that we won't run out of supply

5. What will happen if the people in your community do not look after the resources properly?

-We might run out of supply

-May face poverty

-we might have to pay more for the same resources

**2034 NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL  
NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED SOLUTIONS  
WORKSHEET 9 -2021**

**Subject: Basic Science**

**Year: 8**

**Name: \_\_\_\_\_**

**ACTIVITY: FILL IN THE BLANK SPACES**

1. Coal, oil and gas are made from dead and decayed plants and animals.
2. Time and the Pressure of the weight above change it to coal, oil or gas.
3. Coal is mainly burnt in power stations to make electricity and in giant furnaces to make iron and steel.
4. South Africa produces its gasoline and diesel oil from coal
6. By heating, crude oil we get petrol, kerosene, diesel fuels, lubricating oils and bitumen.
7. Gas is formed in the same way as crude oil, and trapped between layers of rock.
8. Natural gas is a colourless, odourless mixture of gases made up mainly of methane (CH<sub>4</sub>).
9. Burning of coal, oil and gas releases Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) and Oxides of Sulphur (S) and Nitrogen (N) into the atmosphere.
10. The higher the altitude difference between the dam and the turbine the more water pressure in the dam pipes.
11. More the water pressure = faster the turbines spin = more electricity is produced.
12. When water rushes past the turbines, it starts spinning the generators.

NANUKU SANGAM SCHOOL  
 NEW TERM RE-ALIGNED  
 WORKSHEET 9

Subject: **Veika Vaka-viti** Year: **8** Name: \_\_\_\_\_

<b>STRAND</b>	Volavola kei na Bulibuli
<b>Sub- Strand</b>	Lawa ni Vosa
<b>Content Learning outcome</b>	Xcnc { ci cvnc "xcncf qf qpw'pc" xgkxqc "ngk'pc" ngpc "k'pcnk'gpc" i cvpc "pk'xqrcxqrc0

**Vola I Talanoa:**

Vola e dua na i talanoa e na ulutaga ka soli tiko e ra. Vakaparakaravu taka na nomu i talanoa ka vakayagataka e rauta ni 100 ki na 120 na vosa.

**Na sotasota ni qito ni Vuravura**

Na sotasota ni qito ni vuravura , e ra vakaitavi kina na vei matanitu e so ka ra taleitaka na qito cava ga e dau vakayacori. Dua na qito au dau taleitaka meu sarava na rakavi. E na yabaki ga oqo, 2021 e vakayacori kina na qito ni Olimipiki ka ra vakaitavi kina e sivia na rua na drau na veimatanitu. E levu na veimataqali qito e vakayacori kina. Na qito me vaka na veitau cici, qalo, viri, lade, waqa, veicaqe, rakavi kei na vuqa tale.

E vakayacori talega kina na qito rakavi ka vakaitavi kina na noqu vanua lomani ko Viti. Sa dua na ka na nodra vakaukauwa yago tiko na cauravou ni bera na sotasota levu oqo. Na qito oqo e dau vakayacori ni oti na vei va na yabaki ka dodonu me vakayacori na yabaki sa oti. E a sega ni vakayacori e na vuku ni mate na kovidi 19. E sa qai vakadonui me vakayacori e na yabaki oqo e na matanitu ko Javani. Sa dua na ka nodra nanamaki na veimatanitu e na rawati ni metali koula e na veiqito e ra vakaitavi kina. Me vaka ni taleitaki vakalevu e Viti na rakavi, sa bau kina na nanamaki ni lewe ni vanua e na kena rawati na koula.

Sa tu na vakanuinui vei ratou na matatimi ni tagane kei na yalewa ni ratou na rawata na qaqa ka vakarogoya na yaca ni noda vanua. Seg a ni rawarawa na qito ni ra veiqali somuniwai kina na tuwawa ni rakavi e na noda vuravura. Na matanitu ko Niusiladi, Ositerelia, Peritania, kei na so tale. Keimami vakatabuicegu en gauna e vakayacori kina na fainala. Ni mai cava na qito e tara bewa na neimami marau ni sa mai rawati na qaqa. Sa ratou kauta mai na metali koula na cauravou ka marautaki talega na i sausau ratou sa rawata na matatimi ni goneyalewa e na kena rawati na metali varasa.

Keimami sa nanamaki tale tu e na loma ni va na yabaki mai oqo ena sotasota vata oqo me na baci kauta tale mai na koula na matatimi ruarua ni tagane kei yalewa.